MIC2090/MIC2091



Current Limiting Power Distribution Switches

General Description

The MIC2090 and MIC2091 are high-side MOSFET power switches optimized for general-purpose 50mA or 100mA low power distribution in circuits requiring over-current limiting and circuit protection. Typical applications for these parts are for switching power in USB ports, portable consumer items, camera and camcorder motor protection, thermal printer head protection, and many other low current-load switching applications.

The MIC2090 and MIC2091 come in two versions: autoretry current limit and output latch off on an over current fault. The MIC2090 and MIC2091 are offered in a space saving 5-pin SOT-23 package with an operating junction temperature range of -40°C to +125°C.

Data sheets and support documentation can be found on Micrel's web site at: www.micrel.com.

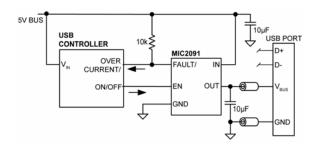
Features

- 1.8V to 5.5V supply voltage
- 790 mΩ typical R_{DSON} at 3.3V
- MIC2090 is rated for 50mA minimum continuous current
- MIC2091 is rated for 100mA minimum continuous current
- Reverse current blocking (OGI)
- 20ns super fast reaction time to hard short at output
- 10ms fault flag delay (t_{D_FAULT/}) eliminates false assertions
- Auto-retry overcurrent and short-circuit protection (-1 version)
- Latch-off on current limit (-2 version)
- Thermal shutdown
- Fault status flag indicates: over-current, overtemperature, or UVLO
- Under-voltage lockout (UVLO)
- · Low quiescent current

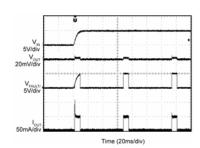
Applications

- USB peripherals
- Camcorder
- DSC
- MP3/iPod
- · SD protection
- USB low-power hub

Typical Application



MIC2091 USB Power Switch



Startup into Short Circuit

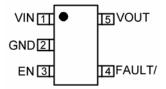
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Ordering Information

Part Number	Marking	Current Limit	Current-Limit Recovery	Junction Temperature Range	Package
MIC2090-1YM5	<u>L1</u> K	50mA	Auto-Retry	–40°C to +125°C	SOT-23-5
MIC2091-1YM5	<u>M1</u> K	100mA	Auto-Retry	–40°C to +125°C	SOT-23-5
MIC2090-2YM5	<u>L2</u> K	50mA	Latch-Off	–40°C to +125°C	SOT-23-5
MIC2091-2YM5	<u>M2</u> K	100mA	Latch-Off	–40°C to +125°C	SOT-23-5

Pin Configuration



5-Pin SOT-23 (M5)

Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function			
1	VIN	Supply (Input): +1.8V to +5.5V. Provides power to the output switch and the MIC2090/MIC2091 internal control circuitry.			
2	GND	Ground.			
3	EN	Enable (Input): Active-high TTL compatible control input. A high signal turns on the internal switch and supplies power to the load. This pin cannot be left floating.			
		Fault Status (Output): Open drain output. Can be connected to other open drain outputs. Must be pulled high with an external resistor.			
	FAULT/	When EN=0, FAULT/ pin is high			
4		When EN=1, a low on the FAULT/ pin indicates one or more of the following conditions:			
		The part is in current limit and is turned off.			
		2. The part is in thermal limit and is turned off.			
		3. The part is in UVLO			
5	VOUT	Switched Output (Output): The voltage on this pin is controlled by the internal switch. Connect the load driven by the MIC2090/MIC2091 to this pin.			

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

Supply Voltage (V _{IN})	0.3V to +6.0V
Output Voltage (V _{OUT})	0.3V to +6.0V
FAULT/ Pin Voltage (V _{FAULT/})	0.3V to +6.0V
FAULT/ Pin Current (I FAULT/)	25mA
EN Pin Voltage (V _{EN})	$-0.3V$ to $(V_{IN} + 0.3V)$
Power Dissipation (P _D)	Internally Limited
Maximum Junction Temperature (T _J)	150°C
Storage Temperature (T _S)	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	260°C
ESD HBM Rating ⁽³⁾	3kV
ESD MM Rating ⁽³⁾	200V

Operating Ratings⁽²⁾

Supply Voltage (V _{IN})	+1.8V to +5.5V
Output Voltage (V _{OUT})	+1.8V to +5.5V
EN Pin Voltage (V _{EN})	0V to V _{IN}
FAULT/ Pin Voltage (VFAULT/)	0V to 5.5V
FAULT/ Pin Current (I FAULT/)	1mA
Ambient Temperature (T _A)	
Junction Temperature (T _J)	–40°C to +125°C
Package Thermal Resistance	
SOT23-5 (θ _{JA})	252.7°C/W

Electrical Characteristics(4)

 $V_{\text{IN}} = 5V; \, T_{\text{A}} = 25^{\circ}C, \, \text{bold} \, \, \text{values indicate} \, -40^{\circ}C \leq T_{\text{A}} \leq +85^{\circ}C, \, \, \text{unless noted}.$

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Тур.	Max.	Units		
Power Input	Power Input Supply							
V _{IN}	Input Voltage Range		1.8		5.5	V		
	Shutdown Current	$V_{EN} \le 0.5V$ (switch off), V_{OUT} = open		5	10	_		
I _{VIN}	Supply Current	$V_{EN} \ge 1.5V$ (switch on), V_{OUT} = open		70	110	μA		
V _{UVLO}	Under-Voltage Lockout Threshold	V _{IN} rising			1.75	V		
V _{UVLO_HYS}	Under-Voltage Lockout Threshold Hysteresis			100		mV		
Enable Input								
V _{EN}	Enable Logic Level High ⁽⁵⁾	V _{IH (MIN)}	1.5			V		
VEN	Enable Logic Level Low ⁽⁵⁾	V _{IL (MAX)}			0.5	V		
I _{EN}	Enable Bias Current	V _{EN} = 5V		0.1		μΑ		
t _{ON}	Output Turn-On Delay	R_L = 500Ω, C_L = 0.1μF See "Timing Diagrams"		215		μs		
t _R	Output Turn-On Rise Time	$R_L = 500\Omega$, $C_L = 0.1\mu F$ See "Timing Diagrams"		5		μs		
t _{OFF}	Output Turn-Off Delay	R_L = 500Ω, C_L = 0.1μF See "Timing Diagrams"		125		μs		
t _F	Output Turn-Off Fall Time	R_L = 500 Ω , C_L = 0.1 μ F See "Timing Diagrams"		115		μs		
Internal Swit	ch							
		MIC2090 V _{IN} = 5.0V, I _{OUT} = 50mA		700	1200			
		MIC2090 V _{IN} = 3.3V, I _{OUT} = 50mA		790	1200			
R _{DSON}	On Resistance R _{DS(ON)}	MIC2090 V _{IN} = 1.8V, I _{OUT} = 50mA		1300		mΩ		
NDSON	Of Resistance RDS(ON)	MIC2091 V _{IN} = 5.0V, I _{OUT} = 100mA		700	1200			
		MIC2091 V _{IN} = 3.3V, I _{OUT} = 100mA		790	1200			
		MIC2091 V _{IN} = 1.8V, I _{OUT} = 100mA		1300				
	Input-to-Output Leakage Current (Forward leakage Current)				10	μА		

Electrical Characteristics(4) (Continued)

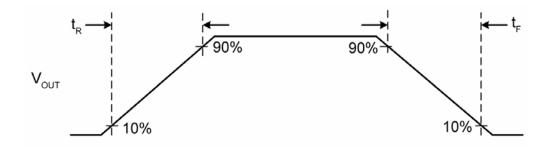
 V_{IN} = 5V; T_A = 25°C, **bold** values indicate $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +85^{\circ}C$, unless noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
	Output to Input Leakage Current (Reverse Leakage Current)	MIC2090 and MIC2091, $V_{EN} \le 0.5V$, (output off), $V_{OUT} = 5.5V$, $V_{IN} = 0V$			10	μA
Current Limit	<u> </u>					
		MIC2090 @ V _{OUT} = 4.5V	50	75	100	
	Current-Limit Threshold	MIC2090 @ V _{OUT} = 0V	50	100	150	^
I _{LIMIT}	Current-Limit Threshold	MIC2091 @ V _{OUT} = 4.5V	100	150	200	mA
		MIC2091 @ V _{OUT} = 0V	100	175	250	
t _{SC_RESP}	Short-Circuit Response Time	Short circuit applied to output after switch is turned on, see "Timing Diagrams". V _{IN} = 3.3V.		20		ns
Tautorestart	Time After Switch Shuts Down From An Over- Current Condition Before It Tries To Turn On Again.		30	60	90	ms
FAULT/ Flag						
	Error Flag Output Voltage	Output voltage high (1mA Sinking)			0.4	V
t _{D_FAULT/}	Time After Switch Comes Into Current Limit Before The PIN FAULT/ Is Pulled Low.	When an over-current condition happens, the part will go into constant output current for this time. After this time it will turn off the output and pull low the PIN FAULT/. The MIC2090-1 and MIC2091-1 will automatically restart themselves after the auto restart time TAUTORESTART.	5	10	20	ms
t _{R_FAULT/}	FAULT/ Rising Time	FAULT/ is connected to V_{IN} = 5V through 10kΩ and 100pF in parallel. See "Timing Diagrams"	5			μs
t _{F_FAULT/}	FAULT/ Falling Time			1		μs
Reverse Volta	age Protection (OGI)					
OGI	Output Voltage Greater Than Input Voltage (OGI)	If the output voltage is greater than the input voltage by this amount, the part will shut down. The enable pin must be recycled to reset. 85			mV	
OGI _{TIME}		Time that the output voltage can be greater than the input voltage before the chip is shut down.		10		ms
Thermal Prot	ection					
Tovertemp	Over-Temperature	T _J Rising		150		°C
OVERTEMP	Shutdown	T _J Falling		140		

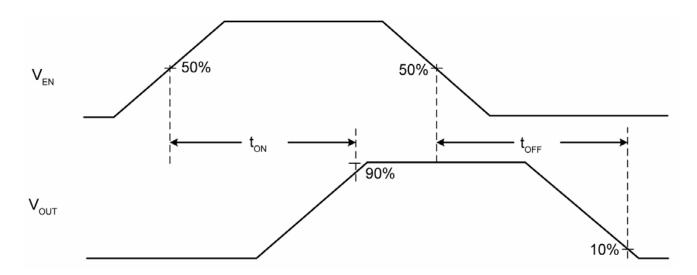
Notes:

- 1. Exceeding the absolute maximum rating may damage the device.
- 2. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating rating.
- 3. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precautions recommended. Human body model, 1.5k in series with 100pF.
- 4. Specification for packaged product only.
- V_{IL(MAX)} = Maximum positive voltage applied to the input which will be accepted by the device as a logic low.
 V_{IH(MIN)} = Minimum positive voltage applied to the input which will be accepted by the device as a logic high.

Timing Diagrams

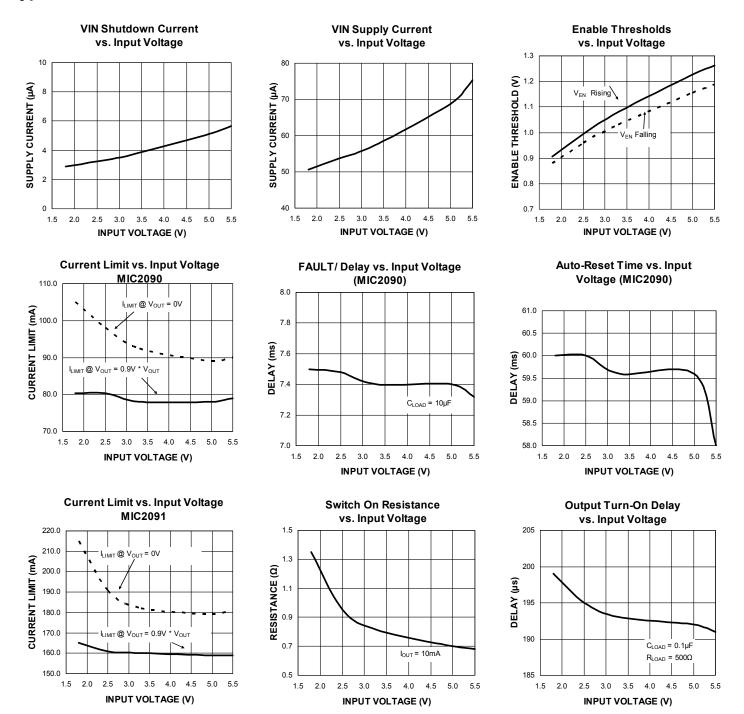


Output Rise and Fall Times (t_{R} , t_{F})

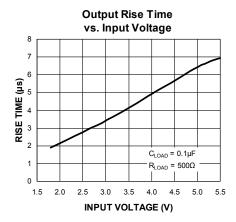


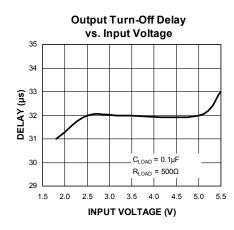
Switch Delay Time (ton, toff)

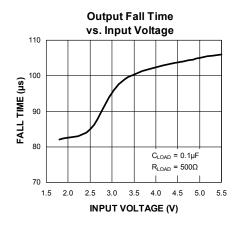
Typical Characteristics

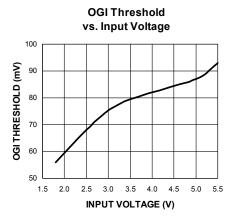


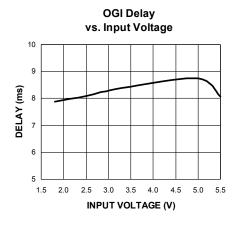
Typical Characteristics (Continued)

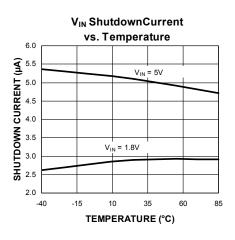


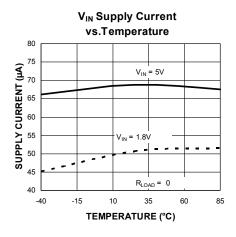


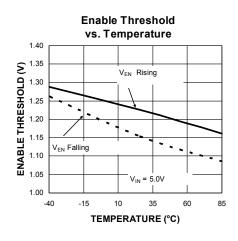


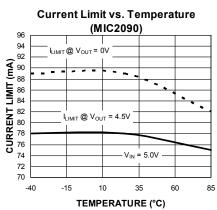




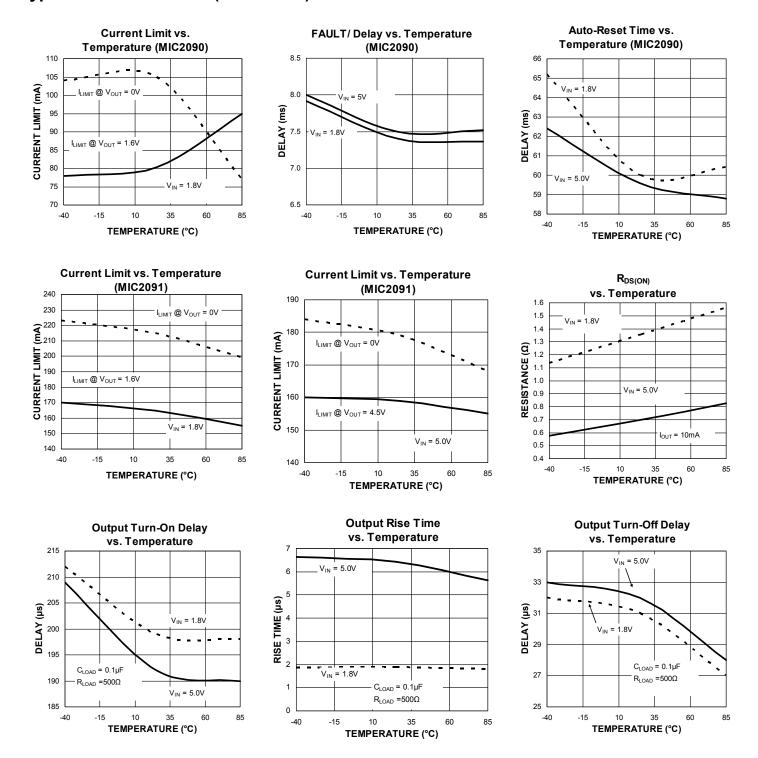




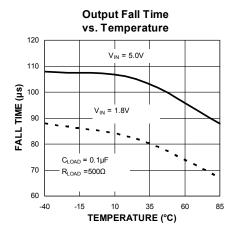


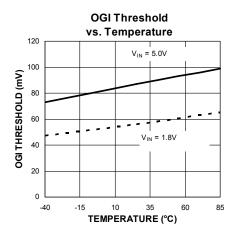


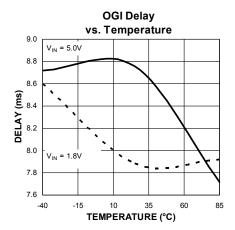
Typical Characteristics (Continued)

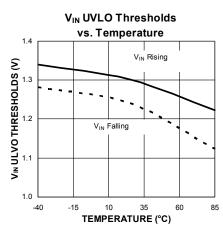


Typical Characteristics (Continued)

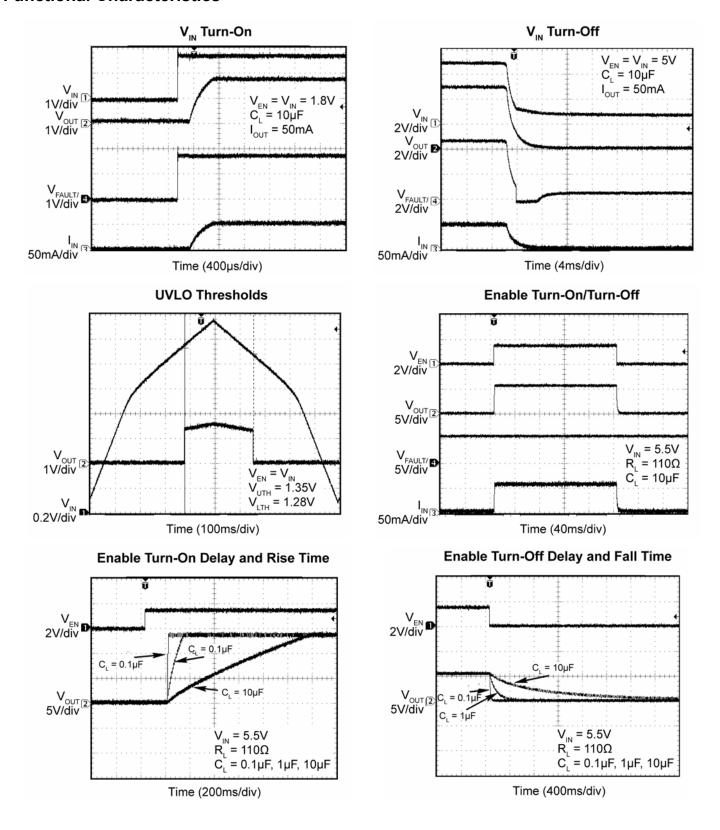




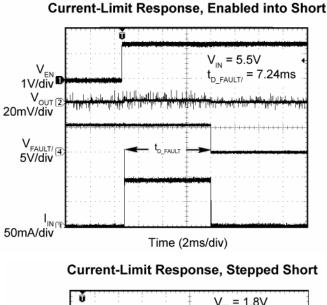




Functional Characteristics

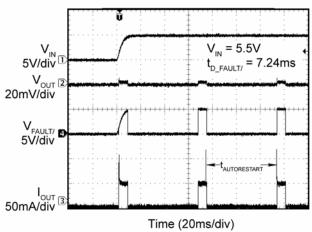


Functional Characteristics (Continued)

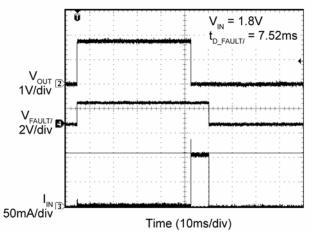




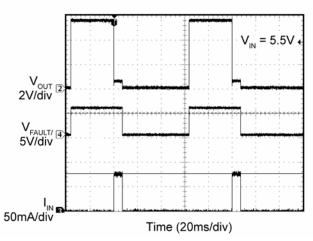
Power-Up into Short Circuit (-1 Version)



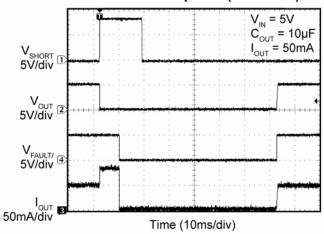




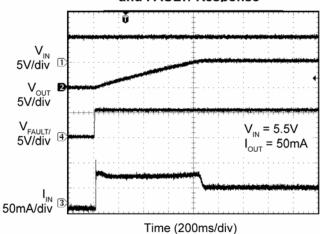
Current-Limit Response, Stepped Overcurrent



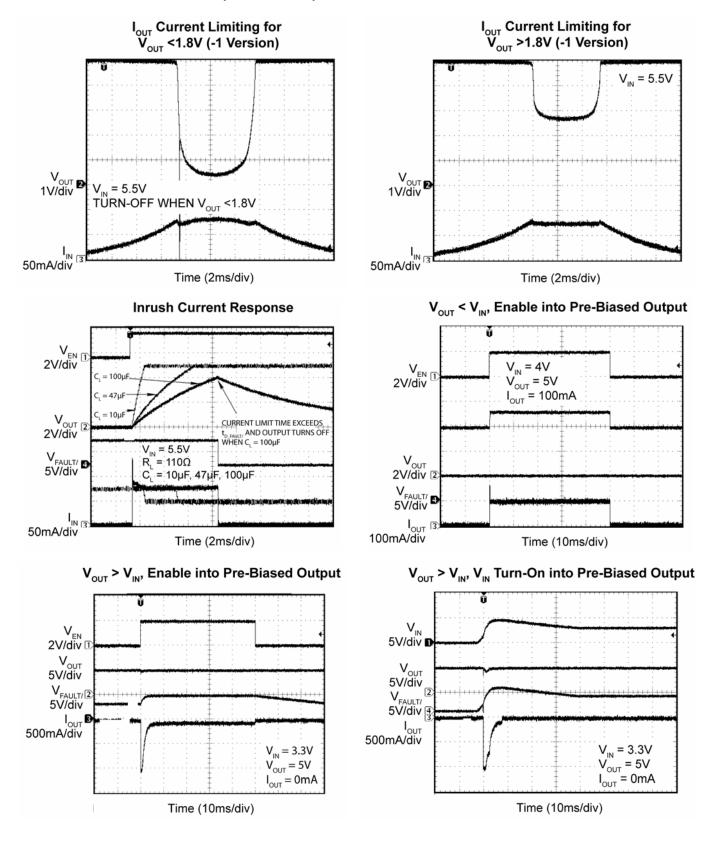
Output Recovery from Short Circuit and FAULT/ Response (-1 Version)



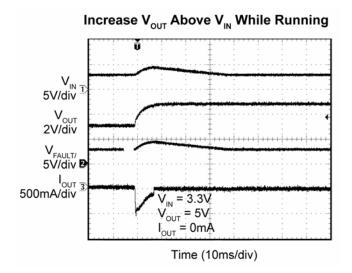
Output Recovery from Thermal Shutdown and FAULT/ Response

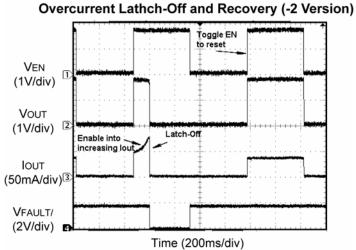


Functional Characteristics (Continued)

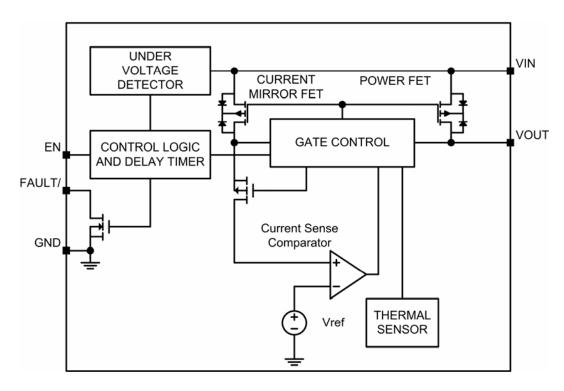


Functional Characteristics (Continued)





Functional Diagram



MIC2090/MIC2091 Functional Diagram

Functional Description

VIN and VOUT

 V_{IN} is both the power supply connection for the internal circuitry driving the switch and the input (source connection) of the power MOSFET switch. V_{OUT} is the drain connection of the power MOSFET and supplies power to the load. In a typical circuit, current flows from V_{IN} to V_{OUT} toward the load.

When the switch is disabled, current will not flow to the load, except for a small unavoidable leakage current of a few microamps (forward leakage current).

C_{IN}

A minimum 1µF bypass capacitor positioned close to the V_{IN} and GND pins of the switch is both good design practice and required for proper operation of the switch. This will control supply transients and ringing. Without a sufficient bypass capacitor, large current surges or a short may cause sufficient ringing on V_{IN} (from supply lead inductance) to cause erratic operation of the switch's control circuitry. For best performance, place a ceramic capacitor next to the IC.

An additional $10\mu F$ (or greater) capacitor, positioned close to the VIN and GND pins of the switch is necessary if the distance between a larger bulk capacitor and the switch is greater than three inches. This additional capacitor limits input voltage transients at the switch caused by fast changing input currents that occur during a fault condition, such as current limit and thermal shutdown.

When bypassing with capacitors of $10\mu F$ or more, it is good practice to place a smaller value capacitor in parallel with the larger to handle the high-frequency components of any line transients. Values in the range of $0.1\mu F$ to $1\mu F$ are recommended. Again, good quality, low-ESR capacitors, preferably ceramic, should be chosen.

\mathbf{C}_{OUT}

An output capacitor is required to reduce ringing and voltage sag on the output during a transient condition. A value between $1\mu F$ and $10\mu F$ is recommended.

A $10\mu F$ or larger capacitor should be used if the distance between the MIC2090/MIC2091 and the load is greater than three inches. The internal switch in the MIC2090/MIC2091 turns off in (typically) 20ns. This extremely fast turn-off can cause an inductive spike in the output voltage when the internal switch turns off during an overcurrent condition. The larger value capacitor prevents the output from glitching too low.

Limitations on Cout

The part may enter current limit when turning on with a large output capacitance, which is an acceptable condition. However, if the part remains in current limit for a time greater than t_{D_FAULT} , the FAULT/ pin will assert low. The maximum value of C_{OUT} may be approximated by Equation 1:

$$C_{OUT_MAX} = \frac{I_{LIMIT_MIN} \times T_{D_FAULT_MIN}}{V_{IN_MAX}} \qquad \text{Eq. 1}$$

Where: $I_{\text{LIMIT_MIN}}$ and $T_{\text{D_FAULT_MIN}}$ are the minimum specified values listed in the Electrical Characteristic table and $V_{\text{IN_MAX}}$ is the maximum input voltage to the switch.

Current Sensing and Limiting

The MIC2090/MIC2091 protects the system power supply and load from damage by continuously monitoring current through the on-chip power MOSFET. Load current is monitored by means of a current mirror in parallel with the power MOSFET switch. Current limiting is invoked when the load exceeds the overcurrent threshold. When current limiting is activated in the -1 version, the output current is constrained to the limit value, and remains at this level until either the load/fault is removed, the load's current requirement drops below the limiting value, or the switch goes into thermal shutdown. If the overcurrent fault is large enough to drop V_{OUT} below (typically) 1.8V, the internal MOSFET turns off very quickly (typically 20ns). This prevents excessive current from flowing through the device and damaging the internal MOSFET.

The latch-off feature of the -2 version latches the output off when the output current exceeds the overcurrent threshold. V_{IN} or the enable pin must be toggled to reset the latch.

Enable Input

The EN pin is a TTL logic level compatible input which turns the internal MOSFET switch on and off. The FAULT/ pin remains high when the EN pin is pulled low and the output is turned off. Toggling the enable pin resets the output after an OGI (output greater than input) condition occurs. In the -2 version, toggling the enable pin resets the output after an overcurrent event.

Fault Output

The FAULT/ is an N-channel open-drain output, which is asserted LOW when the MIC2090/MIC2091 switch either begins current limiting or enters thermal shutdown.

During an overcurrent or short circuit, The FAULT/ signal asserts after a brief delay period, $t_{D_FAULT/}$, in order to filter out false or transient over-current conditions.

The FAULT/ output is open-drain and must be pulled HIGH with an external resistor. The FAULT/ signal may be wire-OR'd with other similar outputs, sharing a single pull-up resistor.

Power Dissipation and Thermal Shutdown

Thermal shutdown is used to protect the MIC2090/MIC2091 switch from damage should the die temperature exceed a safe operating temperature. Thermal shutdown shuts off the output MOSFET and asserts the FAULT/ output if the die temperature reaches the over-temperature threshold, T_{OVERTEMP} .

The switch will automatically resume operation when the die temperature cools down to 140°C. If resumed operation results in reheating of the die, another shutdown cycle will occur and the switch will continue cycling between ON and OFF states until the reason for the overcurrent condition has been resolved.

Depending upon the PCB layout, package type, ambient temperature, etc., hundreds of milliseconds may elapse from the time a fault occurs to the time the output MOSFET will be shut off. This delay is caused because of the time it takes for the die to heat after the fault condition occurs.

Power dissipation depends on several factors such as the load, PCB layout, ambient temperature, and supply voltage. Calculation of power dissipation can be accomplished by Equation 2:

$$P_{D} = R_{DS(ON)} \times (I_{OUT})^{2}$$
 Eq.2

To relate this to junction temperature, Equation 3 can be used:

$$T_{J} = P_{D} \times R_{\theta(J-A)} + T_{A}$$
 Eq. 3

Where:

 T_J = Junction Temperature T_A = Ambient Temperature

 $R_{\theta(J-A)}$ is the thermal resistance of the package.

In normal operation, excessive switch heating is most often caused by an output short circuit. If the output is shorted, when the switch is enabled, the MIC2090/MIC2091 switch limits the output current to the maximum value. The heat generated by the power dissipation of the switch continuously limiting the current

may exceed the package and PCB's ability to cool the device and the MIC2090/MIC2091 will shut down and signal a fault condition. Please see the "Fault Output" description for more details on the FAULT/ output.

After the MIC2090/MIC2091 shuts down, and cools, it will re-start itself if the enable signal remains true.

n Figure 2, die temperature is plotted against I_{OUT} assuming a constant ambient temperature of 85°C and a worst case internal switch on-resistance (R_{ON}). This plot is valid for both the MIC2090 and MIC2091.

Die Temperature vs. Output Current (Ambient Temperature = 85°C)

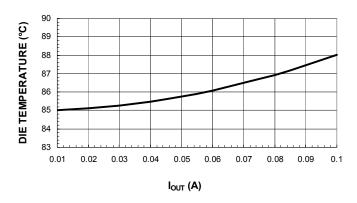


Figure 2. Die Temperature vs. IOUT

I_{LIMIT} vs. I_{OUT} Measured (-1 version only)

When the MIC2090/MIC2091 is current limiting, it is designed to act as a constant current source to the load. As the load tries to pull more than the maximum current, V_{OUT} drops and the input to output voltage differential increases. When V_{OUT} drops below 1.8V, then the output switch momentarily turns off to insure the internal MOSFET switch is not damaged by a very fast short circuit event.

When measuring I_{OUT} in an overcurrent condition, it is important to remember voltage dependence, otherwise the measurement data may appear to indicate a problem when none really exists. This voltage dependence is illustrated in Figures 3 and 4.

In Figure 3, output current is measured as V_{OUT} is pulled below V_{IN} , with the test terminating when V_{OUT} is 2.5V below V_{IN} . Observe that once I_{LIMIT} is reached I_{OUT} remains constant throughout the remainder of the test.

Figure 4 repeats this test but simulates operation deeper into an overcurrent condition. When V_{OUT} drops below 1.8V, the switch turns off for a few microseconds before turning back on.

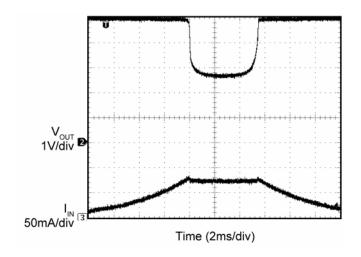


Figure 3. I_{OUT} in Current Limiting for $V_{OUT} > 1.8V$

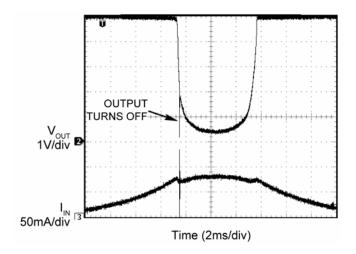


Figure 4. I_{OUT} in Current Limiting for $V_{OUT} < 1.8V$

Under-Voltage Lock Out (UVLO)

The MIC2090/MIC2091 switches have an Under-Voltage Lock Out (UVLO) feature that will shut down the switch in a reproducible way when the input power supply voltage goes too low. The UVLO circuit disables the output until the supply voltage exceeds the UVLO threshold. Hysteresis in the UVLO circuit prevents noise and finite circuit impedance from causing chatter during turn-on and turn-off. While disable by the UVLO circuit, the output switch (power MOSFET) is OFF and no circuit functions, such as FAULT/ or EN, are considered to be valid or operative.

OGI (Output Greater than Input)

The internal MOSFET switch turns off when it senses an output voltage that is greater than the input voltage. This feature prevents continuous current from flowing from the output to the input.

If the output voltage rises above V_{IN} by the OGI threshold voltage (typically 85mV), the internal MOSFET switch turns off after a period of time, specified in the electrical characteristics table as OGI_{TIME} . The FAULT/ pin remains high during and after an OGI event.

Figure 5 shows the output voltage, input current and FAULT/ pin voltage when the output voltage is raised above the input. Reverse current flows through the internal MOSFET switch for the OGI_{TIME} period, until the internal MOSFET switch is turned off and the input current goes to 0A.

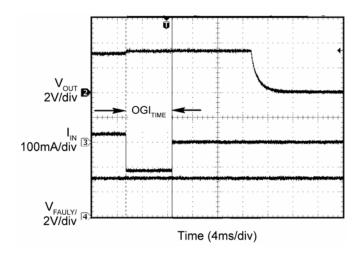
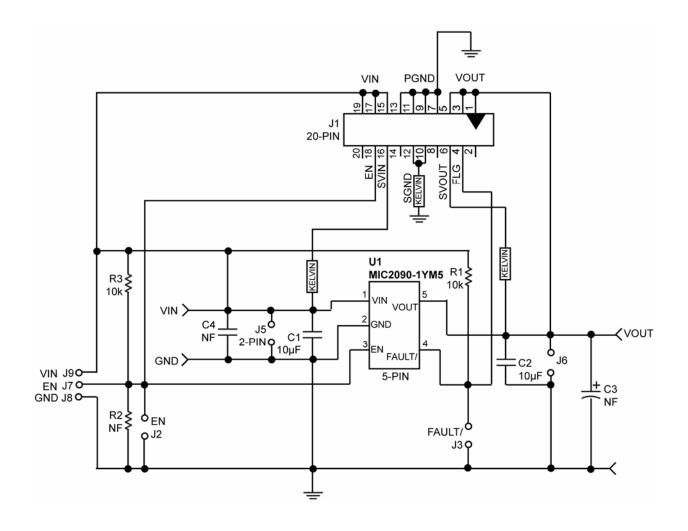


Figure 5. OGI Event

MIC2090/MIC2091 Evaluation Board Schematic



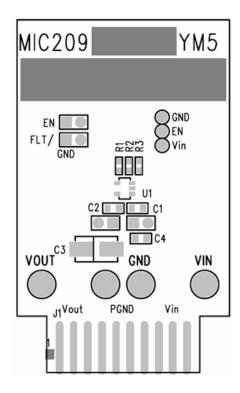
Bill of Materials

Item	Part Number	Manufacturer	Description	Qty.
C1, C2	08056D106MAT2A	AVX ⁽¹⁾	10μF, 6.3V Ceramic Capacitor, X5R	2
C3, C4			NF (No Fill)	2
R1, R3	CRCW06031002FRT1	Vishay Dale ⁽²⁾	10k, 1%, 0603 Resistor	2
R2			NF (No Fill)	1
U1	MIC2090-1YM5	Micrel, Inc. ⁽³⁾	Current Limiting Power Distribution Switch	1
U1	MIC2091-1YM5	Micrel, Inc. ⁽³⁾	Current Limiting Power Distribution Switch	0
U1	MIC2090-2YM5	Micrel, Inc. ⁽³⁾	Current Limiting Power Distribution Switch	0
U1	MIC2091-2YM5	Micrel, Inc. ⁽³⁾	Current Limiting Power Distribution Switch	0

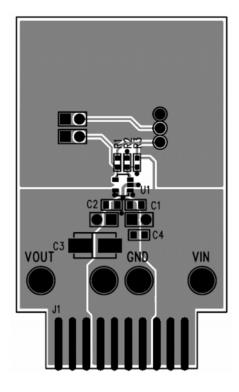
Notes:

AVX: www.avx.com.
 Vishay Tel: www.wisray.com.
 Micrel, Inc.: www.micrel.com.

PCB Layout Recommendations

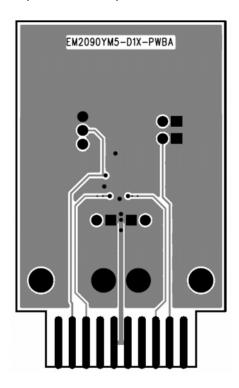


Top Silk Screen

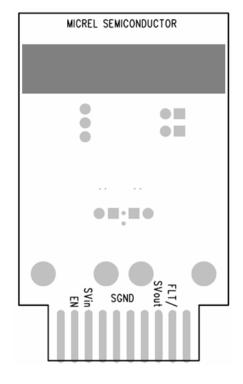


Top Copper

PCB Layout Recommendations (Continued)

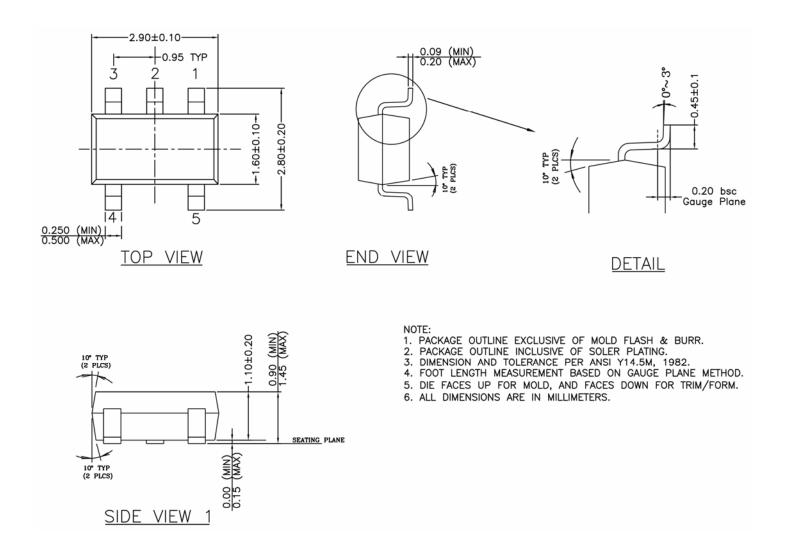


Bottom Copper



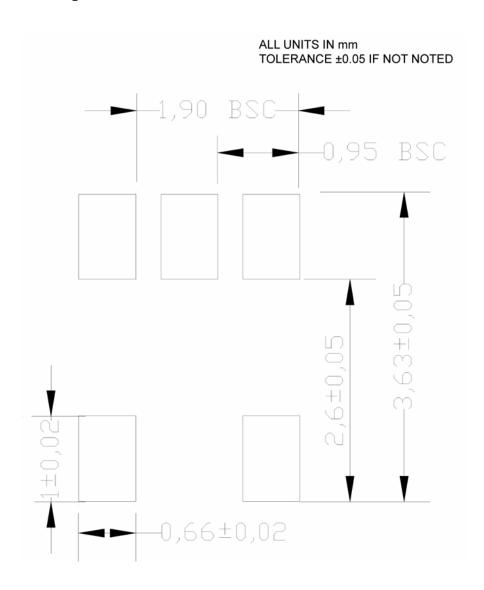
Bottom Silk Screen

Package Information



5-Pin SOT23 (SOT23-5)

Recommended Landing Pattern



MICREL, INC. 2180 FORTUNE DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA 95131 USA

TEL +1 (408) 944-0800 FAX +1 (408) 474-1000 WEB http://www.micrel.com

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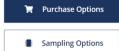
MIC2091 ☆

100mA Current Limiting Power Distribution Switch

Status: In Production.

Download Data Sheet 📙 Documentation Symbols

The MIC2090 and MIC2091 are high-side MOSFET power switches optimized for general-purpose 50mA or 100mA low power distribution in circuits requiring over-current limiting and circuit protection. Typical applications for these parts are for switching power in USB ports, portable consumer items, camera and camcorder motor protection, thermal printer head protection, and many other low current-load switching applications. The MIC2090 and MIC2091 come in two versions: auto-retry current limit and output latch off on an over current fault. The MIC2090 and MIC2091 are offered in a space saving 5-pin SOT-23 package with an operating junction temperature range of -40°C to +125°C.



Collapse

Product Features

- 1.8V to 5.5V supply voltage
- 790 mO typical RDSON at 3.3V
- MIC2090 is rated for 50mA minimum continuous current
- MIC2091 is rated for 100mA minimum continuous current
- Reverse current blocking (OGI)
- 20ns super fast reaction time to hard short at output 10ms fault flag delay (tD_FAULT/) eliminates false assertions
- Auto-retry overcurrent and short-circuit protection (-1 version)
 Latch-off on current limit (-2 version)
- Thermal shutdown
- Fault status flag indicates: over-current, over-temperature, or UVLO
- Under-voltage lockout (UVLO)
- Low quiescent current

Collapse

Documentation



RoHS Information

• Product	JEDEC Indicator	‡ ROHS	China EFUP	Material Declaration	Device Weight (g)	\$ Shipping Weight
MIC2091-2YM5-TR	e4	жонз	©	•	0.0174	0.049
MIC2091-1YM5-TR	e4	K oHS	©	•	0.0174	0.049

To see a complete listing of RoHS data for this device, please Click here

Shipping Weight = Device Weight + Packing Material weight. Please contact sales office if device weight is not available.

Purchase from Microchip

	Product Details	Specif	ications	Availability
Owner R R R	MIC2091-1YM5- TR Sample Product	Pins Packaging: Temp Range: Packing Media: 5 SOT-23	-40C to +125C Tape and reel (3000)	Order Incoming Stock Additional Stock Arriving. Order Now to Secure 260 estimated to ship on 08-Mar-2023 Lead Time For Additional Quantities Additional quantities estimated to ship by 11-May-2024 Add to Cart ◆ Ask about reserved stock for new project validation
O mark	MIC2091-2YM5- TR Sample Product	Pins Packaging: Temp Range: Packing Media: 5 SOT-23	-40C to +125C Tape and reel (3000)	In Stock: 22,114 Order now, up to 22,114 estimated to ship on 10-Feb- 2023 Lead Time For Additional Quantities ① Additional quantities estimated to ship by 11-May-2024 Add to Cart















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