

SAMXON BRAND ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

規格書

CUSTOMER : ELECTRONICS SOURCE DATE : 2020-10-19

(客戶): (日期):

CATEGORY (品名) : ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

DESCRIPTION (型号) : GF $50V1000\mu F(\phi 12.5X25)$

VERSION (版本) : 01

Customer P/N :

SUPPLIER :

SUPPLIER									
PREPARED (拟定)	CHECKED (审核)								
邓文文	付婷婷								

CUST	CUSTOMER									
APPROVAL	SIGNATURE									
(批准)	(签名)									

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

	SPECIFICATION					ATION HIS RECORDS	TORY
D	D.:	GF SERIE		Q			
Rev.	Date	Mark	Page	Contents	Purpose	Drafter	Approver

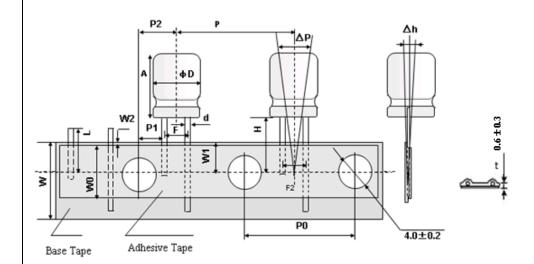
Version	01		Page	1
---------	----	--	------	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

SAMXON

Table 1 Product Dimensions and Characteristics

Unit:mm



Г	Caping Coo	de	TC-Ф12.5(F=5.0)				
D±0.5	A+2.0	d±0.05	P±1.0	P ₀ ±0.2	P ₁ ±0.5		
12.5	25	0.6	12.7	12.7	5.0		
P ₂ ±1.0	F ^{+0.8} _{-0.5}	$F_{2-0.5}^{+0.8}$	W ⁺¹ _{-0.5}	\mathbf{W}_0	W ₁ ±0.5		
7.5	5.0	5.0	18	12min	9		
\mathbf{W}_2	H ^{+0.75}	$H_0 \pm 0.5$	L	Δh	ΔΡ		
3max	18.5		11max	2max	1.3 max		

Table 1:

No.	SAMXON Part No.	WV (Vdc)	Cap. (μF)	Cap tolerance	Temp. range($^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$)	tan δ (120Hz, 20℃)	Leakage Current (µA,2min)	Max Ripple Current at 105°C 100kHz (mA rms)	Impedance at 20°C 100kHz (Ωmax)	Load lifetime (Hrs)		nsion nm) F	фd	Sleeve
1	EGF108M1HI25TC**P	50	1000	-20%~+20%	-40~105	0.10	500	1950	0.034	4000	12.5X25	5.0	0.6	PET

Version	01	Page	2

Attachment: Application Guidelines

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

SAMXON

12~15

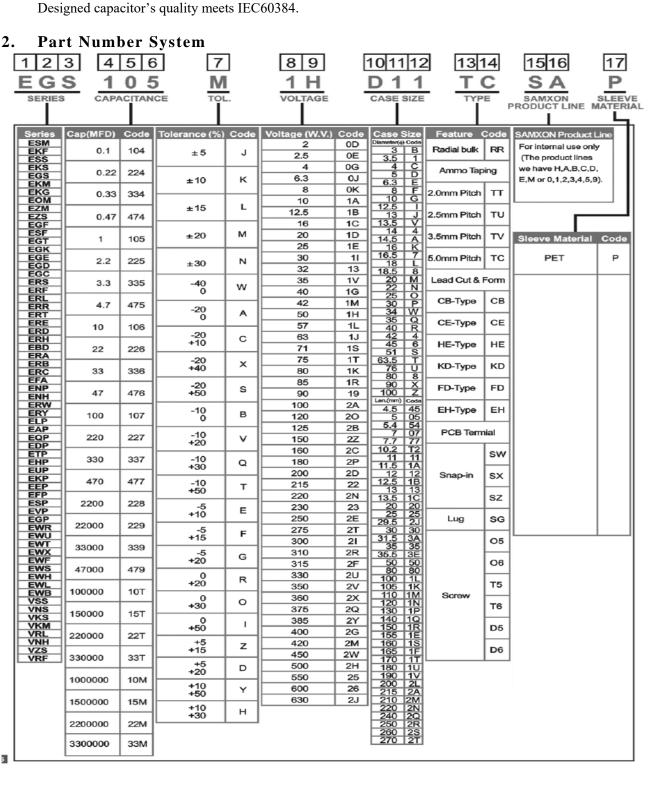
CONTENTS Sheet Application 4 2. Part Number System 4 3. Construction 5 4. Characteristics 5~10 4.1 Rated voltage & Surge voltage 4.2 Capacitance (Tolerance) 4.3 Leakage current 4.4 tanδ 4.5 Terminal strength 4.6 Temperature characteristic 4.7 Load life test 4.8 Shelf life test 4.9 Surge test 4.10 Vibration 4.11 Solderability test 4.12 Resistance to solder heat 4.13 Change of temperature 4.14 Damp heat test 4.15 Vent test 4.16 Maximum permissible (ripple current) 5. List of "Environment-related Substances to be Controlled ('Controlled 11 Substances')"

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

SAMXON

1. Application

This specification applies to polar Aluminum electrolytic capacitor (foil type) used in electronic equipment. Designed capacitor's quality meets IEC60384.



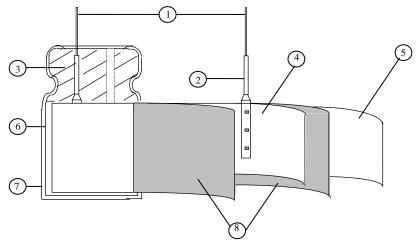
Version	01		Page	4
---------	----	--	------	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

SAMXON

3. Construction

Single ended type to be produced to fix the terminals to anode and cathode foil, and wind together with paper, and then wound element to be impregnated with electrolyte will be enclosed in an aluminum case. Finally sealed up tightly with end seal rubber, then finished by putting on the vinyl sleeve.



No	Component	Material
1	Lead line	Tinned CP wire (Pb Free)
2	Terminal	Aluminum wire
3	Sealing Material	Rubber
4	Al-Foil (+)	Formed aluminum foil
5	Al-Foil (-)	Etched aluminum foil or formed aluminum foil
6	Case	Aluminum case
7	Sleeve	PET
8	Separator	Electrolyte paper

4. Characteristics

Standard atmospheric conditions

Unless otherwise specified, the standard range of atmospheric conditions for making measurements and tests are as follows:

Ambient temperature :15°C to 35°C
Relative humidity : 45% to 85%
Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

If there is any doubt about the results, measurement shall be made within the following conditions:

Ambient temperature : $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Relative humidity : 60% to 70%Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

Operating temperature range

The ambient temperature range at which the capacitor can be operated continuously at rated voltage See table 1 temperature range.

As to the detailed information, please refer to table 2.

Version 01		Page	5
------------	--	------	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

	ITEM				PERFC	RMANC	E				
	Rated voltage										
	(WV)	WV (V.DC)	6.3	10	16	25	35	50	63	100	
4.1		SV (V.DC)	8	13	20	32	44	63	79	125	
	Surge voltage (SV)										
4.2	Nominal capacitance (Tolerance)	<condition> Measuring For Measuring To the condition of the cond</condition>	oltage emperat	: N ure : 20)±2℃	than 0.5V					
1.3	Leakage current	<condition> Connecting the minutes, and connecting the connecting the connection of the connection of</condition>	then, me				istor (1	kΩ ±10	OΩ) in so	eries for	
4.4	tanδ	<condition> See 4.2, Norm Capacitance, for measuring frequency, voltage and temperature. <criteria> Refer to Table 1</criteria></condition>									
4.5	Terminal strength	Condition> Tensile Stre Fixed the c seconds. Bending Str Fixed the ca 90° within 2 seconds. Diamete 0.5n	ength of apacitor ength of pacitor, 2~3 seco	f, applied f Termina applied f ands, and d wire	force to hals. Force to be then ber	ent the te	rminal ()° to its	1~4 mm 1	from the position (graph force N gf)	rubber) f	
		Over 0.5	5mm to			0 (1.0)			0.51)		

Version	01		Page	6
---------	----	--	------	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

		<condition></condition>			(80)					
		STEP	Testii	<u> </u>	rature(°C)			Time		
		1		20 ± 2			to reach t			
		2		-40(-25)		Time	to reach t	thermal o	equilibri	um
		3		20 ± 2	2	Time	to reach t	thermal o	equilibri	um
		4		$105\pm$	2	Time	to reach t	thermal o	equilibri	um
		5		20 ± 2	2	Time	to reach t	thermal o	equilibri	um
		<criteria></criteria>				*				
		a. tanδ shall b	e with	in the lim	it of Item	4.4The 1	eakage cu	ırrent me	easured s	hall not
		more than 8 tim	nes of i	ts specifie	ed value.					
	Temperature	b. In step 5, ta	ınδ sha	all be with	nin the lin	nit of Iter	n 4.4The	leakage	current	shall not
1.0	characteristi	more than the s	pecifie	ed value.						
4.6	cs	c. At-40°C (-25	5°C), iı	mpedance	(z) ratio s	shall not	exceed th	e value	of the fo	llowing
		table.			, ,		1	1		1
		Working Voltage		6.3	10	16	25	35	50	63
		Z-25°C/Z+20	rC	4	3	2	2	2	2	2
		Z-40°C/Z+20	$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$	8	6	4	3	3	3	3
		XXX 1 . XX 1.	(1.1)	100	1					
		Working Voltage		100						
		Z-25°C/Z+20		2						
		Z-40°C/Z+20	$^{\circ}$ C	3						
					=					
		For capacitance	value	$> 1000 \mu$		-		-		
		-			Add 1.0	per ano	ther 1000	μ F for i		
		For capacitance Capacitance, tan			Add 1.0	per ano	ther 1000	μ F for i		
		Capacitance, tan			Add 1.0	per ano	ther 1000	μ F for i		
		Capacitance, tan	ıδ, and	d impedan	Add 1.0	per ano e measur	ther 1000 red at 120	µ F for ! Hz.	Z-40°C/Z	Z+20℃.
		Capacitance, tander Condition According to IE	ιδ , and EC6038	d impedar 34-4No.4.	Add 1.0 nce shall b	per ano e measur	ther 1000 red at 120 apacitor is	F for EHz.	Z-40°C/Z	Z+20°C.
		Capacitance, tan- Condition> According to IE $105 ^{\circ} \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \!$	eC , and EC 6038	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage	Add 1.0 nce shall b	per ano e measur ls, The ca	ther 1000 red at 120 apacitor is	μ F for h Hz. s stored a	Z-40°C/Z	Z+20°C. erature of the sum of
		Capacitance, tander Condition According to IE	EC6038 DC bid peak v	d impedan 34-4No.4. as voltage	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the inall not ex	ls, The carated ripp	ther 1000 red at 120 apacitor is the current e rated w	μ F for Hz. s stored at for Taborking v	Z-40°C/Z at a temp ble 1. (Trivoltage)	Z+20°C. erature of the sum of then the
	Load	Capacitance, tan- <condition> According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple</condition>	EC6038 DC bit peak vectors be tested	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage voltage shed after 16	Add 1.0 ance shall be 13 method e plus the mall not ex 6 hours red	ls, The carated ripp	ther 1000 red at 120 apacitor is the current e rated w	μ F for Hz. s stored at for Taborking v	Z-40°C/Z at a temp ble 1. (Trivoltage)	Z+20°C. erature of the sum of then the
4.7	Load life	Capacitance, tand <condition> According to IE 105 ℃ ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should medically and conditions.</condition>	EC6038 a DC bit peak vibe teste eet the	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage voltage shed after 16 following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the mall not ex 6 hours recog table:	ds, The carated ripp acceed the	apacitor is le current e rated w time at ati	μ F for Hz. s stored at for Taborking v	Z-40°C/Z at a temp ble 1. (Trivoltage)	Z+20°C. erature of the sum of then the
4.7		Capacitance, tandard Condition According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should mack Criteria The characteris	EC6038 DC bit peak volume testic sha	d impedan 34-4No.4. as voltage voltage shed after 16 following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not explusive thours recognized table:	ls, The carated ripp sceed the	apacitor is le current e rated whime at att	F for E Hz. s stored a t for Tab orking v mospher	Z-40°C/Z at a temp ble 1. (Trivoltage)	Z+20°C. erature of the sum of then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tand <condition> According to IE 105 ℃ ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should medically and conditions.</condition>	EC6038 DC bit peak volume testic sha	d impedan 34-4No.4. as voltage voltage shed after 16 following	Add 1.0 ance shall be 13 method e plus the mall not explusive following table: e following Value in	by per anough per anou	apacitor is le current e rated w time at attements.	F for hard F for Table F for Table F for Sphere	Z-40°C/Z at a temp ble 1. (Trivoltage)	Z+20°C. erature of the sum of then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tandard Condition According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should mack Criteria The characteris	DC bit peak vibe teste eet the curren	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage voltage shed after 16 following	Add 1.0 ance shall be 13 method e plus the mall not explusive following table: e following Value in	by per anough per anou	apacitor is le current e rated whime at att	F for hard F for Table F for Table F for Sphere	Z-40°C/Z at a temp ble 1. (Trivoltage)	Z+20°C. erature of the sum of then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tand <condition> According to IE 105 ℃ ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me <criteria> The characteris Leakage</criteria></condition>	DC bit peak vibe teste eet the curren	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage voltage shed after 16 following	Add 1.0 13 method 2 plus the regular p	ds, The carated ripp sceed the covering g require 4.3 shall =25% of	apacitor is le current e rated w time at attements.	F for Hz. s stored at for Table orking was phered alue.	Z-40°C/Z at a temp ble 1. (T voltage) ric condit	Z+20°C. erature of the sum of then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tand <condition> According to IE 105 ℃ ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacitan</criteria></condition>	EC6038 a DC bit peak who be teste eet the current curr	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage voltage shed after 16 following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not explusive following table: e following Value in Within Explusive Motern with the explusive following with th	by per anough per anou	apacitor is le current e rated whime at attribe satisfi initial va	F for Land Factor or Table or King with mospher and the specified	Z-40°C/Z at a temp ble 1. (Trivoltage) ric condite	Z+20°C. erature of the sum of then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tand Condition> According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me Criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacitant tanδ	EC6038 a DC bit peak who be teste eet the current curr	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage voltage shed after 16 following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not explusive following table: e following Value in Within Explusive Motern with the explusive following with th	by per anough per anou	apacitor is a pacitor is a pacitor is a pacitor is a rated when the entry at the en	F for Land Factor or Table or King with mospher and the specified	Z-40°C/Z at a temp ble 1. (Trivoltage) ric condite	Z+20°C. erature of the sum of then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tand Condition> According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me Criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacitant tanδ	EC6038 a DC bit peak who be teste eet the current curr	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage voltage shed after 16 following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not explusive following table: e following Value in Within Explusive Motern with the explusive following with th	by per anough per anou	apacitor is a pacitor is a pacitor is a pacitor is a rated when the entry at the en	F for Land Factor or Table or King with mospher and the specified	Z-40°C/Z at a temp ble 1. (Trivoltage) ric condite	Z+20°C. erature of the sum of then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tand Condition> According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me Criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacitate tanδ Appearant Condition> The capacitors and	EC6038 DC bit peak who be tested eet the current curr	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage shed after 16 following Il meet the thange	Add 1.0 method e plus the mall not explus the	by per anough per anou	apacitor is le current e rated w time at attribute satisfi initial value leakage o	F for Hz. s stored at for Table orking with mospher dectrose dectrose mperature.	Z-40°C/Z at a temp ble 1. (To voltage) ric condite d value. blyte.	erature of the sum of Then the tions. The
4.7	life	Capacitance, tand Condition> According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me Criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacitate tanδ Appearant Condition> The capacitors and 1000+48/0 hour	EC6038 DC bit peak who be tested eet the stic share current nace Chance	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage shed after 16 following Ill meet the thange	Add 1.0 method e plus the mall not explus the mall not explus the mall not explus the mall not explusive table: The followin within the mall not explusive table: Within the mall not explusive table: There should be made to the movel that the movel takes the movel table to the mall table table.	by per anough per anou	apacitor is le current e rated whime at attribute satisfi initial value leakage of the leakage o	F for Hz. S stored at for Table orking was mospher ed alue. specified of electrons mperatural be remore	Z-40°C/Z at a temp ble 1. (T voltage) ric condit d value. blyte. re of 105 oved from	±2°C form the test
4.7	life test	Capacitance, tand <condition> According to IE 105 ℃ ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacitate tanδ Appearant <condition> The capacitors and 1000+48/0 hour chamber and be</condition></criteria></condition>	EC6038 DC bit peak who be tested eet the stic share current cu	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage shed after 16 following Ill meet the thange stored will lowing this red to stale	Add 1.0 meets shall be a plus the repair of the shall not expense of the shall not more of the shall not work the shall not work the shall not work the shall not expense of the shall not expense o	by per anough per anou	apacitor is le current e rated w time at atribe satisfi initial va 19% of the leakage of the lea	ed lue. specified per electro mperatur be reme for 4~8	at a tempole 1. (Tovoltage) ric conditions of 105 oved from the following the conditions of 105 oved from the conditions of 105 over the conditions	±2°C form the test
	life test	Capacitance, tand <condition> According to IE 105 ℃ ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacitate tanoous Appearant <condition> The capacitors at 1000+48/0 hour chamber and be shall be connected.</condition></criteria></condition>	EC6038 DC bit peak who be tested eet the stic share current cu	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage shed after 16 following Ill meet the tange stored without a series later to state a series late	Add 1.0 mee shall be a plus the replus the reput the replus the replus the replus the replus the replus the re	g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 150 all be no	apacitor is le current e rated whime at attribute initial value de leakage of the leakage of th	F for Hz. S stored at for Table orking was mospher mospher mospher mperatural be remarked for 4~8) with I	at a tempole 1. (Tovoltage) ric conditions of the conditions of th	erature of the sum of Then the tions. The the tions the test Next they d voltage
4.7	life test Shelf life	Capacitance, tandal Capacitance, tandal Capacitance, tandal Capacitance Capac	EC6038 DC bit peak who be tested eet the stic share current cu	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage shed after 16 following Ill meet the tange stored without a series later to state a series late	Add 1.0 mee shall be a plus the replus the reput the replus the replus the replus the replus the replus the re	g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 150 all be no	apacitor is le current e rated whime at attribute initial value de leakage of the leakage of th	F for Hz. S stored at for Table orking was mospher mospher mospher mperatural be remarked for 4~8) with I	at a tempole 1. (Tovoltage) ric conditions of the conditions of th	erature of the sum of Then the tions. The the tions the test Next they d voltage
	life test	Capacitance, tand <condition> According to IE 105 ℃ ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacitate tanoous Appearant <condition> The capacitors at 1000+48/0 hour chamber and be shall be connected.</condition></criteria></condition>	EC6038 DC bit peak who be tested eet the stic share current cu	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage shed after 16 following Ill meet the tange stored without a series later to state a series late	Add 1.0 mee shall be a plus the replus the reput the replus the replus the replus the replus the replus the re	g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 150 all be no	apacitor is le current e rated whime at attribute initial value de leakage of the leakage of th	F for Hz. S stored at for Table orking was mospher mospher mospher mperatural be remarked for 4~8) with I	at a tempole 1. (Tovoltage) ric conditions of the conditions of th	erature of the sum of Then the tions. The the tions the test Next they d voltage
	life test Shelf life	Capacitance, tandal Capacitance, tandal Capacitance, tandal Capacitance Capac	EC6038 DC bit peak who be tested eet the stic share current cu	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage shed after 16 following Ill meet the tange stored without a series later to state a series late	Add 1.0 mee shall be a plus the replus the reput the replus the replus the replus the replus the replus the re	g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 150 all be no	apacitor is le current e rated whime at attribute initial value de leakage of the leakage of th	F for Hz. S stored at for Table orking was mospher mospher mospher mperatural be remarked for 4~8) with I	at a tempole 1. (Tovoltage) ric conditions of the conditions of th	erature of the sum of Then the tions. The the tions the test Next they d voltage
	life test Shelf life	Capacitance, tandal Capacitance, tandal Capacitance, tandal Capacitance Capac	EC6038 DC bit peak who be tested eet the stic share current cu	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage shed after 16 following Ill meet the tange stored without a series later to state a series late	Add 1.0 mee shall be a plus the replus the reput the replus the replus the replus the replus the replus the re	g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 150 all be no	apacitor is le current e rated whime at attribute initial value de leakage of the leakage of th	F for Hz. S stored at for Table orking was mospher mospher mospher mperatural be remarked for 4~8) with I	at a tempole 1. (Tovoltage) ric conditions of the conditions of th	erature of the sum of Then the tions. The the tions the test Next they d voltage

Version	01		Page	7
---------	----	--	------	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

		<criteria> The characteristic shall mee</criteria>	et the following requirements.
		Leakage current	Value in 4.3 shall be satisfied
	Shelf	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 25\%$ of initial value.
4.8	life	ταηδ	Not more than 150% of the specified value.
	test	Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
		* *	re stored more than 1 year, the leakage current may
		•	ge through about 1 k Ω resistor, if necessary.
		The capacitor shall be subn followed discharge of 5 mi	
		The test temperature shall	
		C _R :Nominal Capacitance	(µ F)
4.0	Surge	<criteria></criteria>	Not more than the energified value
4.9	test	Leakage current	Not more than the specified value.
		Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 15\%$ of initial value.
		tanδ	Not more than the specified value.
		Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
		Attention:	
			tage at abnormal situation only. It is not applicable to sucl
		over voltage as often applie	ed.
		perpendicular directions. Vibration frequency Peak to peak amplitu Sweep rate Mounting method:	
			Within 30°
		4mm o	r less
	Vibration	,	
4.10	test	•	
			\ /
		«Christania»	To be soldered
J		< Criteria > After the test, the following	gitems shall be tested:
		riter the test, the following	
		Innar construction	No intermittent contacts, open or short circuiting.
		Inner construction	No intermittent contacts, open or short circuiting. No damage of tab terminals or electrodes. No mechanical damage in terminal. No leakage

Version	01			8
---------	----	--	--	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

		<condition></condition>		
		The capacitor shall be tes	ted under the following	conditions:
		Soldering temperature	: 245±3°C	
		Dipping depth	: 2mm	
1 1 1	Solderability	Dipping speed	: 25±2.5mm	n/s
4.11	test	Dipping time	: 3±0.5s	
		<criteria></criteria>		<u>.</u>
		Coating quality	A minimu	m of 95% of the surface being
		Coating quanty	immersed	
		<condition></condition>		
			r shall be immersed in	to solder bath at 260±5°C for 10±
		_		
				Omm from the body of capacitor .
				temperature and normal humidity
	Resistance to	for 1~2 hours before mea <criteria></criteria>	surement.	
4.12	solder heat		N-4 4h	d:C: - d1
	test	Leakage current		the specified value.
		Capacitance Change	Within ±10%	of initial value.
		tanδ	Not more than	the specified value.
		Appearance	There shall be a	no leakage of electrolyte.
		G 11:1	•	
		<condition></condition>	udina ta IEC60294 ANIa	4.7mathada asmasitan shall ha
		placed in an oven, the co		0.4.7methods, capacitor shall be
		•	emperature	Time
			omperature	
		(1)+20°C		≤ 3 Minutes
	Change of		ature (-40°C) (-25°C)	30 ± 2 Minutes
4.13	temperature	(3)Rated high tempe	rature (+105°C)	30±2 Minutes
	test	(1) to $(3)=1$ cycle, to	tal 5 cycle	
		<criteria></criteria>		
		The characteristic shall m		
			Not more than the	_
		tanδ	Not more than the	-
		Appearance	There shall be no le	eakage of electrolyte.
		<condition></condition>		
		Humidity Test:	ANa 4 12 mathada asma	soiten shell be expected for 500 ± 9
			_	acitor shall be exposed for 500 ± 8 $^{\circ}$ C, the characteristic change shall
		meet the following requir		. C, the characteristic change shan
		Criteria>	ement.	
	Down boot	Leakage current	Not more than the spe	ecified value.
4.14	Damp heat test	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 20\%$ of init	
	test	tanδ	Not more than 120%	
		Appearance	There shall be no leak	
		11	1	,

Version 01	Pa	age	9
------------	----	-----	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

4.15	Vent test	Condition> The following test only apply to with vent. D.C. test The capacitor is connected wit current selected from below tall Table 3> Diameter (mm) DC Cur 22.4 or less Over 22.4 Criteria> The vent shall operate with no pieces of the capacitor and/or capacitor.	th its polar ble is applied in the implied in the i	ity reversed ed.	to a DC po	ower source	. Then a
4.16	Maximum permissible (ripple current)	Condition> The maximum permissible rip at 120Hz and can be applied Table-1 The combined value of D.C varied voltage and shall not reserved. Frequency Multipliers: Coefficient Freq. (Hz) Cap. (μ F) ~180 220~560 680~1800 2200~3900 4700	at maximu	m operating I the peak A	g temperatu	re	ceed the

Version 01		Page	10
------------	--	------	----

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

SAMXON

5. It refers to the latest document of "Environment-related Substances standard" (WI-HSPM-QA-072).

,	Substances				
	Cadmium and cadmium compounds				
Heavy metals	Lead and lead compounds				
Heavy metais	Mercury and mercury compounds				
	Hexavalent chromium compounds				
	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)				
Chloinated	Polychlorinated naphthalenes (PCN)				
organic	Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT)				
compounds	Short-chain chlorinated paraffins(SCCP)				
	Other chlorinated organic compounds				
	Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)				
Brominated .	Polybrominated diphenylethers(PBDE) (including				
organic	decabromodiphenyl ether[DecaBDE])				
compounds	Other brominated organic compounds				
Tributyltin compo	ounds(TBT)				
Triphenyltin com	pounds(TPT)				
Asbestos					
Specific azo com	pounds				
Formaldehyde					
Beryllium oxide					
Beryllium coppe	er				
Specific phthalate	es (DEHP,DBP,BBP,DINP,DIDP,DNOP,DNHP)				
Hydrofluorocarbo	on (HFC), Perfluorocarbon (PFC)				
Perfluorooctane s	ulfonates (PFOS)				
Specific Benzotri	azole				

Version	01		Page	11	ĺ
---------	----	--	------	----	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

SAMXON

Attachment: Application Guidelines

1.Circuit Design

1.1 Operating Temperature and Frequency

Electrolytic capacitor electrical parameters are normally specified at 20°C temperature and 120Hz frequency. These parameters vary with changes in temperature and frequency. Circuit designers should take these changes into consideration.

- (1) Effects of operating temperature on electrical parameters
 - a) At higher temperatures, leakage current and capacitance increase while equivalent series resistance (ESR) decreases.
 - b) At lower temperatures, leakage current and capacitance decrease while equivalent series resistance (ESR) increases.
- (2) Effects of frequency on electrical parameters
 - a) At higher frequencies capacitance and impedance decrease while $\tan \delta$ increases.
 - b) At lower frequencies, ripple current generated heat will rise due to an increase in equivalent series resistance (ESR).

1.2 Operating Temperature and Life Expectancy

See the file: Life calculation of aluminum electrolytic capacitor

1.3 Common Application Conditions to Avoid

The following misapplication load conditions will cause rapid deterioration to capacitor electrical parameters. In addition, rapid heating and gas generation within the capacitor can occur causing the pressure relief vent to operate and resultant leakage of electrolyte. Under Leaking electrolyte is combustible and electrically conductive.

(1) Reverse Voltage

DC capacitors have polarity. Verify correct polarity before insertion. For circuits with changing or uncertain polarity, use DC bipolar capacitors. DC bipolar capacitors are not suitable for use in AC circuits.

(2) Charge / Discharge Applications

Standard capacitors are not suitable for use in repeating charge / discharge applications. For charge / discharge applications consult us and advise actual conditions.

(3) Over voltage

Do not apply voltages exceeding the maximum specified rated voltage. Voltages up to the surge voltage rating are acceptable for short periods of time. Ensure that the sum of the DC voltage and the superimposed AC ripple voltage does not exceed the rated voltage.

(4) Ripple Current

Do not apply ripple currents exceeding the maximum specified value. For high ripple current applications, use a capacitor designed for high ripple currents or contact us with your requirements. Ensure that allowable ripple currents superimposed on low DC bias voltages do not cause reverse voltage conditions.

1.4 Using Two or More Capacitors in Series or Parallel

(1) Capacitors Connected in Parallel

The circuit resistance can closely approximate the series resistance of the capacitor causing an imbalance of ripple current loads within the capacitors. Careful design of wiring methods can minimize the possibility of excessive ripple currents applied to a capacitor.

(2) Capacitors Connected in Series

Normal DC leakage current differences among capacitors can cause voltage imbalances. The use of voltage divider shunt resistors with consideration to leakage current can prevent capacitor voltage imbalances.

1.5 Capacitor Mounting Considerations

(1) Double Sided Circuit Boards

Avoid wiring pattern runs, which pass between the mounted capacitor and the circuit board.

When dipping into a solder bath, excess solder may collect under the capacitor by capillary action and short circuit the anode and cathode terminals.

(2)Circuit Board Hole Positioning

The vinyl sleeve of the capacitor can be damaged if solder passes through a lead hole for subsequently processed parts. Special care when locating hole positions in proximity to capacitors is recommended.

(3)Circuit Board Hole Spacing

The circuit board holes spacing should match the capacitor lead wire spacing within the specified tolerances. Incorrect spacing can cause excessive lead wire stress during the insertion process. This may result in premature capacitor failure due to short or open circuit, increased leakage current, or electrolyte leakage.

(4) Clearance for Case Mounted Pressure Relief vents

Capacitors with case mounted pressure relief vents require sufficient clearance to allow for proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as follows.

φ6.3~φ16mm:2mm minimum, φ18~φ35mm:3mm minimum, φ40mm or greater:5mm minimum.

(5) Clearance for Seal Mounted Pressure Relief Vents

A hole in the circuit board directly under the seal vent location is required to allow proper release of pressure.

Version 01 Page 12	Version	01			12
--------------------	---------	----	--	--	----

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

SAMXON

(6) Wiring Near the Pressure Relief Vent

Avoid locating high voltage or high current wiring or circuit board paths above the pressure relief vent. Flammable, high temperature gas exceeding 100°C may be released which could dissolve the wire insulation and ignite.

(7) Circuit Board patterns Under the Capacitor

Avoid circuit board runs under the capacitor as electrolyte leakage could cause an electrical short.

(8) Screw Terminal Capacitor Mounting

Do not orient the capacitor with the screw terminal side of the capacitor facing downwards.

Tighten the terminal and mounting bracket screws within the torque range specified in the specification.

1.6 Electrical Isolation of the Capacitor

Completely isolate the capacitor as follows.

- (1) Between the cathode and the case (except for axially leaded B types) and between the anode terminal and other circuit paths
- (2) Between the extra mounting terminals (on T types) and the anode terminal, cathode terminal, and other circuit paths.
- 1.7 The Product endurance should take the sample as the standard.
- 1.8 If conduct the load or shelf life test, must be collect date code within 6 months products of sampling.

1.9 Capacitor Sleeve

The vinyl sleeve or laminate coating is intended for marking and identification purposes and is not meant to electrically insulate the capacitor.

The sleeve may split or crack if immersed into solvents such as toluene or xylene, and then exposed to high temperatures.

CAUTION!

Always consider safety when designing equipment and circuits. Plan for worst case failure modes such as short circuits and open circuits which could occur during use.

- (1) Provide protection circuits and protection devices to allow safe failure modes.
- (2) Design redundant or secondary circuits where possible to assure continued operation in case of main circuit failure.

2. Capacitor Handling Techniques

- 2.1 Considerations Before Using
- (1) Capacitors have a finite life. Do not reuse or recycle capacitors from used equipment.
- (2) Transient recovery voltage may be generated in the capacitor due to dielectric absorption. If required, this voltage can be discharged with a resistor with a value of about 1kΩ.
- (3) Capacitors stored for long periods of time may exhibit an increase in leakage current. This can be corrected by gradually applying rated voltage in series with a resistor of approximately 1kΩ.
- (4) If capacitors are dropped, they can be damaged mechanically or electrically. Avoid using dropped capacitors.
- (5) Dented or crushed capacitors should not be used. The seal integrity can be compromised and loss of electrolyte / shortened life can result

2.2 Capacitor Insertion

- (1) Verify the correct capacitance and rated voltage of the capacitor.
- (2) Verify the correct polarity of the capacitor before inserting.
- (3) Verify the correct hole spacing before insertion (land pattern size on chip type) to avoid stress on the terminals.
- (4) Ensure that the auto insertion equipment lead clinching operation does not stress the capacitor leads where they enter the seal of the capacitor.

For chip type capacitors, excessive mounting pressure can cause high leakage current, short circuit, or disconnection.

2.3 Manual Soldering

- (1) Observe temperature and time soldering specifications or do not exceed temperatures of 400 °C for 3 seconds or less.
- (2) If lead wires must be formed to meet terminal board hole spacing, avoid stress on the lead wire where it enters the capacitor seal.
- (3) If a soldered capacitor must be removed and reinserted, avoid excessive stress to the capacitor leads.
- (4) Avoid touching the tip of the soldering iron to the capacitor, to prevent melting of the vinyl sleeve.

2.4 Flow Soldering

- (1) Do not immerse the capacitor body into the solder bath as excessive internal pressure could result.
- (2) Observe proper soldering conditions (temperature, time, etc.) Do not exceed the specified limits.
- (3) Do not allow other parts or components to touch the capacitor during soldering.

2.5 Other Soldering Considerations

Rapid temperature rises during the preheat operation and resin bonding operation can cause cracking of the capacitor vinyl sleeve. For heat curing, do not exceed 150°C for a maximum time of 2 minutes.

	Version	01		Page	13
--	---------	----	--	------	----

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

SAMXON

2.6 Capacitor Handling after Solder

- (1). Avoid movement of the capacitor after soldering to prevent excessive stress on the lead wires where they enter the seal.
- (2). Do not use capacitor as a handle when moving the circuit board assembly.
- (3). Avoid striking the capacitor after assembly to prevent failure due to excessive shock.

2.7 Circuit Board Cleaning

- (1) Circuit boards can be immersed or ultrasonically cleaned using suitable cleaning solvents for up 5 minutes and up to 60°C maximum temperatures. The boards should be thoroughly rinsed and dried. The use of ozone depleting cleaning agents is not recommended in the interest of protecting the environment.
- (2) Avoid using the following solvent groups unless specifically allowed for in the specification;

Halogenated cleaning solvents: except for solvent resistant capacitor types, halogenated solvents can permeate the seal and cause internal capacitor corrosion and failure. For solvent resistant capacitors, carefully follow the temperature and time requirements of the specification. 1-1-1 trichloroethane should never be used on any aluminum electrolytic capacitor.

Alkali solvents : could attack and dissolve the aluminum case.

Petroleum based solvents: deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Xylene : deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Acetone : removal of the ink markings on the vinvl sleeve could result.

- (3) A thorough drying after cleaning is required to remove residual cleaning solvents which may be trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board. Avoid drying temperatures, which exceed the maximum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (4) Monitor the contamination levels of the cleaning solvents during use by electrical conductivity, pH, specific gravity, or water content. Chlorine levels can rise with contamination and adversely affect the performance of the capacitor. Please consult us for additional information about acceptable cleaning solvents or cleaning methods.

2.8 Mounting Adhesives and Coating Agents

When using mounting adhesives or coating agents to control humidity, avoid using materials containing halogenated solvents. Also, avoid the use of chloroprene based polymers. After applying adhesives or coatings, dry thoroughly to prevent residual solvents from being trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board.

3. Precautions for using capacitors

3.1 Environmental Conditions

Capacitors should not be stored or used in the following environments.

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

3.2 Electrical Precautions

- (1) Avoid touching the terminals of the capacitor as possible electric shock could result. The exposed aluminum case is not insulated and could also cause electric shock if touched.
- (2) Avoid short circuit the area between the capacitor terminals with conductive materials including liquids such as acids or alkaline solutions.

4. Emergency Procedures

- (1) If the pressure relief vent of the capacitor operates, immediately turn off the equipment and disconnect form the power source. This will minimize additional damage caused by the vaporizing electrolyte.
- (2) Avoid contact with the escaping electrolyte gas which can exceed 100°C temperatures.

If electrolyte or gas enters the eye, immediately flush the eyes with large amounts of water.

If electrolyte or gas is ingested by month, gargle with water.

If electrolyte contacts the skin, wash with soap and water.

5. Long Term Storage

Leakage current of a capacitor increases with long storage times. The aluminum oxide film deteriorates as a function of temperature and time. If used without reconditioning, an abnormally high current will be required to restore the oxide film. This current surge could cause the circuit or the capacitor to fail. After one year, a capacitor should be reconditioned by applying rated voltage in series with a 1000Ω , current limiting resistor for a time period of 30 minutes . If the expired date of products date code is over eighteen months, the products should be return to confirmation.

5.1 Environmental Conditions

	Version	01		Page	14
--	---------	----	--	------	----

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

SAMXON

The capacitor shall be not use in the following condition:

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

6. Capacitor Disposal

When disposing of capacitors, use one of the following methods.

Incinerate after crushing the capacitor or puncturing the can wall (to prevent explosion due to internal pressure rise). Capacitors should be incinerated at high temperatures to prevent the release of toxic gases such as chlorine from the polyvinyl chloride sleeve, etc.

Dispose of as solid waste.

NOTE: Local laws may have specific disposal requirements, which must be followed.

Version	01		Page	15
---------	----	--	------	----