

# MULTI-INNO TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

## www.multi-inno.com

## **LCD MODULE SPECIFICATION**

## Model : MI0430H1T-6

This module uses ROHS material

## For Customer's Acceptance:

| Customer |  |  |
|----------|--|--|
| Approved |  |  |
| Comment  |  |  |

| The standard product specification may change without    | Revision      | 1.0        |
|--|---------------|------------|
| prior notice in order to improve performance or quality. | Engineering   |            |
| rease contact with mile for updated specification and    | Date          | 2015-01-12 |
| product status before design for the standard product or | Date          | 2013 01 12 |
| release of the order.                                    | Our Reference |            |



## **REVISION RECORD**

| REV DATE   | CONTENTS        | REMARKS |
|------------|-----------------|---------|
| 2015-01-12 | Initial release |         |
|            |                 |         |
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## ■ GENERAL INFORMATION

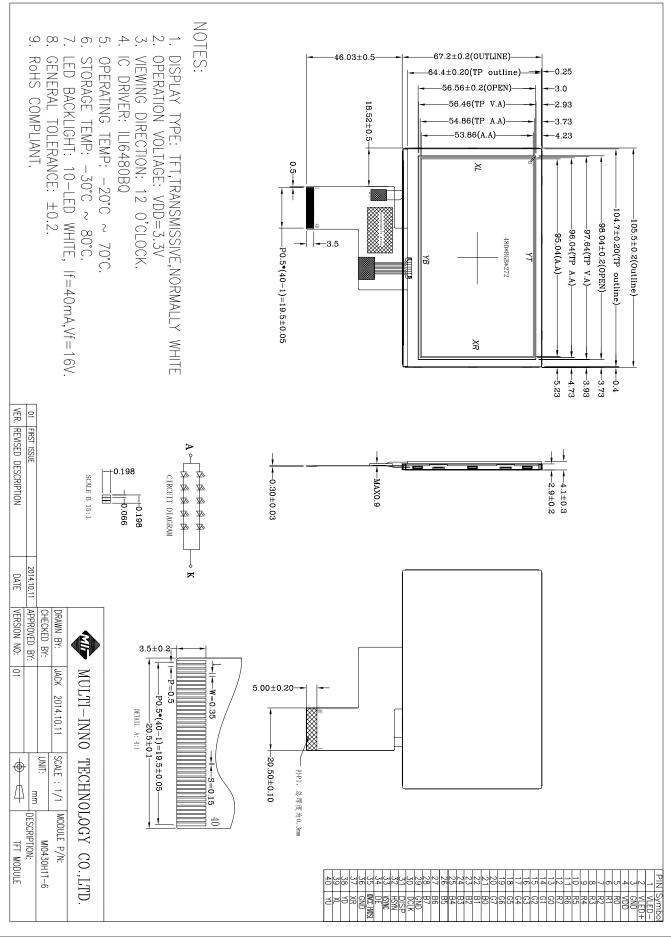
| Item                           | Contents   | Unit            |
|--------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| LCD type                       | TFT/Transmissive/Normally white                    | /               |
| Size                           | 4.3  | Inch            |
| Viewing direction              | 12:00(without image inversion and least brightness | O' Clock        |
|                                | change)  |                 |
| Gray scale inversion direction | 6:00 (contrast peak located at)                    | O' Clock        |
| $LCM(W \times H \times D)$     | 105.50×67.20×4.10                                  | mm <sup>3</sup> |
| Active area (W×H)              | 95.04×53.86  | $mm^2$          |
| Dot pitch (W×H)                | 0.066×0.198  | $mm^2$          |
| Number of dots                 | 480 (RGB) × 272                                    | /               |
| Driver IC                      | ILI6480BQ  | /               |
| Backlight type                 | 10 LEDs  | /               |
| Interface type                 | 24bit RGB  | /               |
| Color depth                    | 16.7M  | /               |
| Pixel arrangement              | RGB vertical stripe                                | /               |
| Input voltage                  | 3.3  | V               |
| With/Without TSP               | With TSP   | /               |
| Weight                         | TBD  | g               |

Note 1: RoHS compliant

Note 2: LCM weight tolerance:  $\pm 5\%$ .



### EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS





## ■ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Parameter                | Symbol | Min     | Max          | Unit |
|--------------------------|--------|---------|--------------|------|
| Supply voltage for logic | VDD    | -0.5    | 5.0          | V    |
| Input voltage for logic  | VIN    | VSS-0.5 | VDD          | V    |
| Operating temperature    | Тор    | -20     | 70           | °C   |
| Storage temperature      | Тят    | -30     | 80           | °C   |
| Humidity                 | RH     | -       | 90%(Max60°C) | RH   |

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

| Parameter                 | Symbol | Min    | Тур  | Max    | Unit |
|---------------------------|--------|--------|------|--------|------|
| Supply voltage for logic  | VDD    | 3.0    | 3.3  | 3.6    | V    |
| Input current             | IDD    | -      | 19.5 | -      | mA   |
| Input voltage ' H ' level | VIH    | 0.7VDD | -    | VDD    | V    |
| Input voltage ' L ' level | Vil    | VSS    | -    | 0.3VDD | V    |

## ■ BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS

| Item                      | Symbol  | Min.  | Тур.  | Max. | Unit | Condition |
|---------------------------|---------|-------|-------|------|------|-----------|
| Voltage for LED backlight | $V_{L}$ | 15.0  | 16.0  | 17.0 | V    | Note 1    |
| Current for LED backlight | ΙL      | -     | 40    | 50   | mA   |           |
| LED life time             | -       | 30000 | 50000 | -    | Hrs  | Note 2    |

Note 1: The LED supply voltage is defined by the number of LED at Ta=25°C and IL=40mA.

Note 2: The LED life time is defined as the module brightness decrease to 50% original brightness at Ta=25°C and IL=40mA. The LED life time could be decreased if operating IL is lager than 40mA.



| Item               |                     | Symbol     | Condition                 | Min   | Тур   | Max   | Unit              | Remark | Note |
|--------------------|---------------------|------------|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------------------|--------|------|
| Response           | time                | Tr+Tf      |                           | -     | 25    | 30    | ms                | FIG 1. | 4    |
| Contrast 1         | ratio               | Cr         | $\theta=0^{\circ}$        | 400   | 500   | -     |                   | FIG 2. | 1    |
| Luminar<br>uniform |                     | δ<br>WHITE | Ø=0°<br>Ta=25℃            | 80    | -     | -     | %                 | FIG 2. | 3    |
| Surface Lum        | inance              | Lv         |                           | 340   | 440   | -     | cd/m <sup>2</sup> | FIG 2. | 2    |
|                    |                     |            | $\emptyset = 90^{\circ}$  | 40    | 50    | -     | deg               | FIG 3. |      |
| Viewing angl       | 0. 1010 000         |            | $\emptyset = 270^{\circ}$ | 60    | 70    | -     | deg               | FIG 3. | 6    |
| viewing angi       | Viewing angle range | θ          | $\emptyset = 0^{\circ}$   | 60    | 70    | -     | deg               | FIG 3. |      |
|                    |                     |            | $\emptyset = 180^{\circ}$ | 60    | 70    | -     | deg               | FIG 3. |      |
|                    | Red                 | X          |                           | 0.551 | 0.591 | 0.631 |                   |        |      |
|                    | Reu                 | у          |                           | 0.270 | 0.310 | 0.350 |                   |        |      |
|                    | Green               | Х          | θ=0°                      | 0.302 | 0.342 | 0.382 |                   |        |      |
| CIE (x, y)         | Ulteri              | у          | Ø=0°                      | 0.516 | 0.561 | 0.601 |                   | FIG 2. | 5    |
| chromaticity       | Blue                | Х          | Ta=25℃                    | 0.105 | 0.145 | 0.185 | ]                 | 110 2. | 5    |
|                    | Diuc                | У          | 1 a-25 C                  | 0.047 | 0.087 | 0.127 |                   |        |      |
|                    | White               | Х          |                           | 0.250 | 0.290 | 0.330 |                   |        |      |
|                    | wille               | у          |                           | 0.300 | 0.340 | 0.380 |                   |        |      |

#### **ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Note 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as For more information see FIG 2.

Contrast Ratio = <u>Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P3, P4, P5)</u> Average Surface Luminance with all black pixels (P1, P2, P 3, P4, P5)

Note 2. Surface luminance is the LCD surface from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2.

Lv = Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P 3, P4, P5)

Note 3. The uniformity in surface luminance  $\delta$  WHITE is determined by measuring luminance at each test position 1 through 5, and then dividing the maximum luminance of 5 points luminance. For more information see FIG 2.

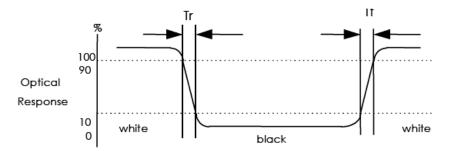
 $\delta \text{ WHITE} = \underline{\text{Minimum Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P3, P4, P5)}}_{\text{Maximum Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P3, P4, P5)}}$ 

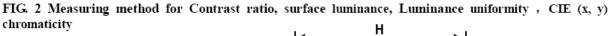
- Note 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from White to black(Rise Time, Tr) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tf). For additional information see FIG 1. The test equipment is Autronic-Melchers's ConoScope. Series.
- Note 5. CIE (x, y) chromaticity, The x, y value is determined by measuring luminance at each test position 1 through 5, and then make average value.
- Note 6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 2. For TFT module the conrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 3.
- Note 7. For viewing angle and response time testing, the testing data is base on Autronic-Melchers's ConoScope. Series Instruments For contrast ratio, Surface Luminance, Luminance uniformity, CIE The test data is base on TOPCON's BM-5 photo detector.

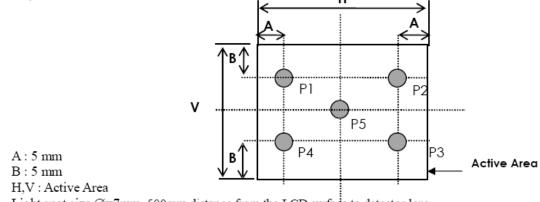


#### FIG. 1 The definition of Response Time

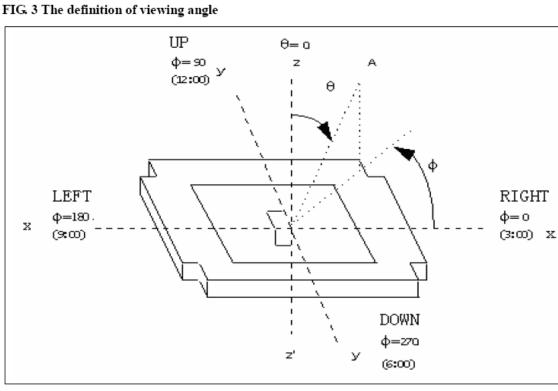
The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".







Light spot size Ø=7mm, 500mm distance from the LCD surface to detector lens measurement instrument is TOPCON's luminance meter BM-5





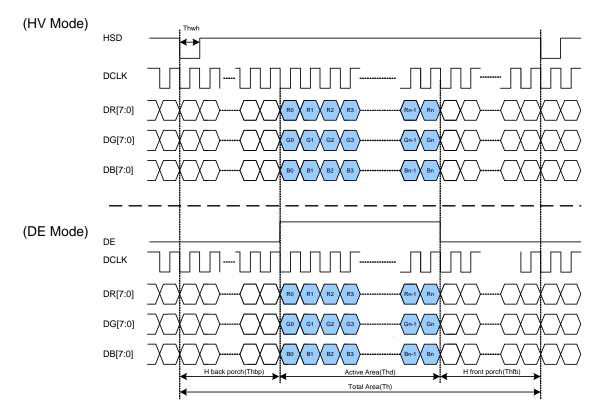
### ■ INTERFACE DESCRIPTION

| No | Symbol      | Description   | Remarks |
|----|-------------|---|---------|
| 1  | VLED-       | Cathode of LED backlight  |         |
| 2  | VLED+       | Anode of LED backlight  |         |
| 3  | GND         | Ground  |         |
| 4  | VDD         | Power voltage   |         |
| 5  | R0          | Red data(LSB)   |         |
| 6  | R1          | Red data  |         |
| 7  | R2          | Red data  |         |
| 8  | R3          | Red data  |         |
| 9  | R4          | Red data  |         |
| 10 | R5          | Red data  |         |
| 11 | R6          | Red data  |         |
| 12 | R7          | Red data(MSB)   |         |
| 13 | G0          | Green data(LSB)   |         |
| 14 | G1          | Green data  |         |
| 15 | G2          | Green data  |         |
| 16 | G3          | Green data  |         |
| 17 | G4          | Green data  |         |
| 18 | G5          | Green data  |         |
| 19 | G6          | Green data  |         |
| 20 | G7          | Green data(MSB)   |         |
| 21 | B0          | Blue data(LSB)  |         |
| 22 | B1          | Blue data   |         |
| 23 | B2          | Blue data   |         |
| 24 | B3          | Blue data   |         |
| 25 | B4          | Blue data   |         |
| 26 | B5          | Blue data   |         |
| 27 | B6          | Blue data   |         |
| 28 | B7          | Blue data(MSB)  |         |
| 29 | GND         | Ground  |         |
| 30 | DCLK        | Pixel clock   |         |
| 31 | DISP        | Display on/off  |         |
| 32 | HSYN        | Horizontal sync signal  |         |
| 33 | VSYNC       | Vertical sync signal  |         |
| 34 | DE          | Data enable   |         |
| 35 | IOVCC_HVDSL | <ul> <li>HV mode or DE mode control signal.</li> <li>HVDSL="H": Set under HV mode, VSD and HSD signal have to provide by system.</li> <li>HVDSL="L": Set under DE mode, DE signal have to provide by system.</li> </ul> |         |
| 36 | GND         | Ground  |         |
| 37 | XR          | X_Right   |         |
| 38 | YD          | Y_Bottom  |         |
| 39 | XL          | X_Left  |         |
| 40 | YU          | Y_Up  |         |



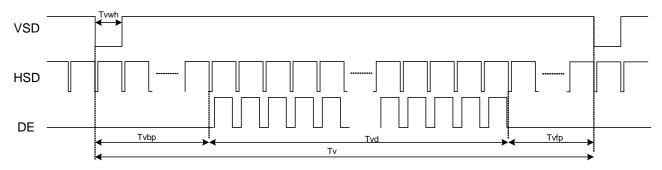
## ■ APPLICATION NOTES

- 1 Timing characteristics
  - 1.1 Clock and data input time diagram



## 1.2 Data input format

#### Vertical input timing





## 1.2 Parallel RGB input timing table

| Parameter        | Symbol | Min | Тур  | Max | Unit |
|------------------|--------|-----|------|-----|------|
|                  |        |     |      |     |      |
| DCLK frequence   | Fclk   | 5   | 9    | 12  | MZH  |
| VSD period time  | Tv     | 277 | 288  | 400 | Н    |
| VSD display area | Tvd    |     | Н    |     |      |
| VSD back porch   | Tvb    | 3   | 8    | 31  | Н    |
| VSD front porch  | Tvfp   | 2   | 8    | 97  | Н    |
| HSD period time  | Th     | 520 | 525  | 800 | DCLK |
| HSD display area | Thd    |     | DCLK |     |      |
| HSD back porch   | Thbp   | 36  | 40   | 255 | DCLK |
| HSD front porch  | Thfp   | 4   | 5    | 65  | DCLK |

## ■ TOUCH SCREEN PANEL SPECIFICATIONS

1 Electrical characteristics

| Item                  |      | Value |      | Unit | Remark                    |
|-----------------------|------|-------|------|------|---------------------------|
| nem                   | Min. | Тур.  | Max. | Unit | Reillark                  |
| Linearity             | -3.0 | -     | 3.0  | %    | Analog X and Y directions |
| Terminal Resistance   | 400  | -     | 1050 | Ω    | х                         |
| Terminal Resistance   | 100  | -     | 450  | Ω    | Y                         |
| Insulation resistance | -    | -     | -    | MΩ   | DC 25V                    |
| Voltage               | -    | -     | 10   | V    | DC                        |
| Chattering            | -    | -     | 10   | ms   | 100kΩ pull-up             |
| Transparency          | 80   | -     | -    | %    | JIS K7105                 |

Note: Avoid operating with hard or sharp material such as a ball point pen or a mechanical pencil except a polyacetal pen (tip R0.8mm or less) or a finger.



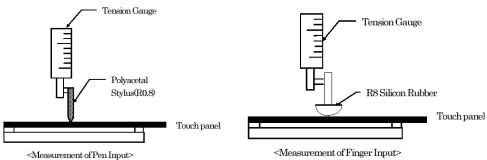
2 Mechanical & Reliability characteristics

| Item                          |                  | Value |      | Unit       | Remark    |
|-------------------------------|------------------|-------|------|------------|-----------|
| item                          | Min.             | Тур.  | Max. | Onit       | Remark    |
| Activation force              | 30               | -     | 110  | gf         | Note 1    |
| Durability-surface scratching | Write<br>100,000 | -     | -    | characters | Note 2    |
| Durability-surface pitting    | 1,000,000        | -     | -    | touches    | Note 3    |
| Surface hardness              | 3                | -     | -    | Н          | JIS K5400 |

Note 1: Activation force test condition

(1) Input DC 5V on X direction, Drop off Polyacetal Stylus (R0.8), until output voltage stabilize ,then get the activation force  $\circ$ 

- (2) R8.0mm Silicon rubber for finger Activation force test
- (3) Test point: 9 points



Note 2: Measurement for surface area.

-Scratch 100,000 times straight line on the film with a stylus change every 20,000 times.

-Force: 110gf.

-Speed: 60mm/sec.

-Stylus: R0.8 polyacetal tip.

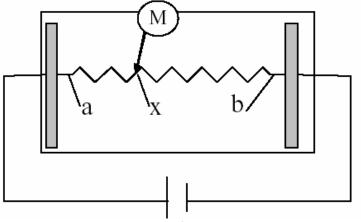
Note 3: Pit 1,000,000 times on the film with a R0.8 silicon rubber.

-Force: 110gf.

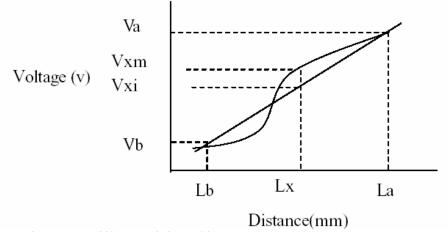
-Speed: 2times/sec.



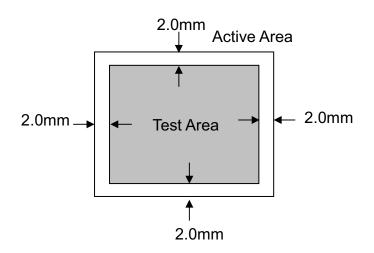
## 3 Linearity definition



Va: maximum voltage in the active area of touch panel Vb: minimum voltage in the active area of touch panel X: random measuring point Vxm: actual voltage of Lx point Vxi: theoretical voltage of Lx point



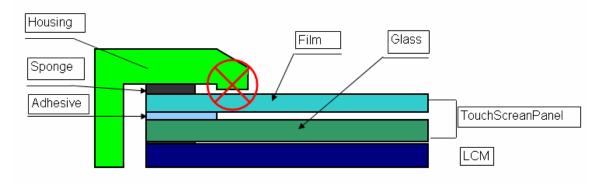
Linearity = [|Vxi-Vxm |/(Va-Vb)]\*100% Note: Test area is as follows and operation force is 150gf.



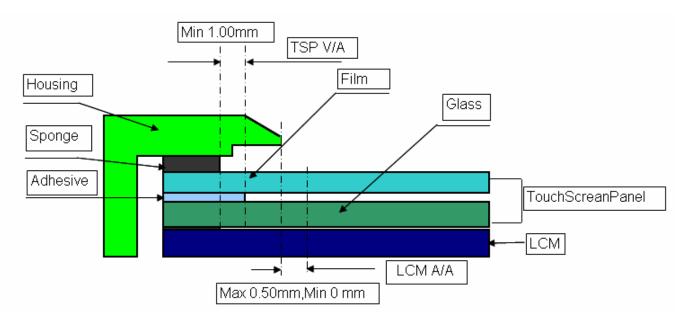
4 Housing design guide

Housing design follow as below

- 1) Avoid the design that housing overlap and press on the active area of the LCM
- Give enough gap(over 0.5mm at compressed) between the housing and TSP to protect wrong operating.



- 3) Use a buffer material(Gasket) between the TSP and housing to protect damage and wrong operating
- 4) Avoid the design that buffer material overlap and press on the inside of TSP view area.





## ■ RELIABILITY TEST

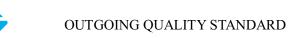
| No. | Test Item                   | Test Condition  |  |
|-----|-----------------------------|---|--|
| 1   | High Temperature Storage    | $80\pm2^{\circ}C/96$ hours  |  |
| 2   | Low Temperature Storage     | $-30\pm2^{\circ}C/96$ hours   |  |
| 3   | High Temperature Operating  | $70\pm2^{\circ}C/96$ hours  |  |
| 4   | Low Temperature Operating   | $-20\pm2^{\circ}C/96$ hours   |  |
| 5   | Temperature Cycle           | -30±2℃~25~80±2℃×10cycles<br>(30min.) (5min.) (30min.)   |  |
| 6   | Damp Proof Test             | $60^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C} \times 90\%$ RH/96hours   |  |
| 7   | Vibration Test              | Frequency: 10Hz~55Hz<br>Amplitude of vibration : 1.5mm<br>Sweep time: 12 min<br>X,Y,Z 2 hours for each direction. |  |
| 8   | Packing drop test           | According to ISTA 1A 2001   |  |
| 9   | Electrical static discharge | Air: ±8KV 150pF/330Ω 5 times  |  |
|     |                             | Contact: ±4KV 150pF/330Ω5 time  |  |



## ■ INSPECTION CRITERION

| OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD   | PAGE 1 OF 5  |
|---|--|
| NAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA  |  |
|   |  |
| ion is made to be used as the standard accept   | otance/rejection criteria for TFT module.  |
|   |  |
| Quantity per shipment lot per model<br>type: Normal inspection,Single sampling  |  |
| table: MIL-STD-105D   |  |
| ect: AQL=0.65   |  |
| Fect: AQL=1.00  |  |
|   |  |
| ture: Room temperature $25\pm 5^{\circ}$ C<br>y: ( $\pm 1$ )%R<br>tion: Single fluoresænt lamp non-directive (<br>distance: |  |
| Angle<br>/ 5°, L/R: 5° / 5°   | s shan be at least 35± 30m.  |
| 45° 45° 35cm  | e position<br>40cm<br>CD Panel   |
|   |  |
|   | NAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA<br>ion is made to be used as the standard accept<br>Quantity per shipment lot per model<br>type: Normal inspection, Single sampling<br>a level: II<br>table: MIL-STD-105D<br>le quality level (AQL)<br>ect: AQL=0.65<br>fect: AQL=1.00<br>ndition<br>conditions:<br>ture: Room temperature $25\pm 5^{\circ}$ C<br>y: ( $\pm 1$ )%R<br>tion: Single fluoresœnt lamp non-directive of<br>distance:<br>between the LC and the inspector's eye<br>Angle<br>/ 5°, L/R: 5° / 5° |





PAGE 2 OF 5

## TITLE: FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA

### 3. Inspection standards

Defects are classified as majot defects and minor defects according to the degree of defectiveness defined herein.

#### 3.1 Major defect

| Item No | Items to be inspected  | Inspection Standard  |  |
|---------|------------------------|--|--|
| 3.1.1   | All functional defects | <ol> <li>No display</li> <li>Display abnormally</li> <li>Short circuit</li> <li>line defect</li> </ol> |  |
| 3.1.2   | Missing                | Missing function component   |  |
| 3.1.3   | Crack                  | Glass crack  |  |

### 3.2 Minor defect

| Item<br>No | Items to be inspected                                      | Inspection standard  |                     |
|------------|--|--|---------------------|
|            | Spot efect<br>Including                                    | or dark/white spot is defined<br>$\varphi = (\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{y}) / 2$ $\longrightarrow \mathbf{x} \qquad \qquad$ |                     |
|            | Black spot   | Size $\varphi(mm)$   | Acceptable Quantity |
| 3.2.1      | White spot<br>Pinhole<br>oreign particle<br>Polarizer dirt | φ≤ .1  | Ignore              |
|            |  | .1 <φ≤ .2  | 3                   |
|            |  | .2 <φ  | Not allowed         |



| M   | OUTGOING   | G QUALITY STANDARD                       | PAGE 3 OF 5                  |
|---|--|--|------------------------------|
| TITLE:FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA |  |  |                              |
|   | Line efect<br>Including<br>Black line<br>White line<br>Scratch | efine:                                   | Width                        |
| 3.2.2                                       |  | Width(mm)<br>Length(mm)                  | Acceptable Quantity          |
|   | Scraten  | W≤ . 2                                   | Ignore                       |
|   |  | . 2 < W≤ . 5<br>L≤3.                     | 2                            |
|   |  | . 5 < W                                  | Not allowed                  |
|   | Polarizer<br>ent/Bubble  | Size φ(mm)                               | Acceptable Quantity          |
|   |  | φ≤ .2                                    | Ignore                       |
|   |  | .2<φ≤ .3                                 | 2                            |
| 3.2.3                                       |  | .3<φ≤ .5                                 | 1                            |
|   |  | .5< φ                                    | Not allowed                  |
|   |  | Total QTY                                | 3                            |
|   | Electrical ot<br>efect   | Bright and Black dot def                 | and                          |
| 3.2.  |  | Inspection pattern: ull and blue screens | white, ull black, Red, green |
|   |  | Item                                     | Acceptable Quantity          |
|   |  | Black dot defect                         | 2                            |
|   |  | Bright dot defect                        |                              |
|   |  | Total ot                                 | 2                            |



| OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD |                       |                         | PAGE 4 OF 5   |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|---|
| TTTLE:FUN                 | CTIONAL TEST & IN     |                         |   |
|                           |                       | 1.Corner ragment:       | X<br>Z<br>Z   |
|                           |                       | Size(mm)                | AcceptableQuantity  |
| 3.2.5                     | Touch panel<br>defect | X≤3mm<br>Y≤3mm<br>Z≤T   | Ignore<br>T: Glass thickness<br>X: Length<br>Y: Width<br>Z: thickness |
|                           |                       | 2. Side ragment:        | x<br>z  |
|                           |                       | Size(mm)                | Acceptable Quantity   |
|                           |                       | X≤5.mm<br>Y ≤3mm<br>Z≤T | Ignore<br>T: Glass thickness<br>X: Length<br>Y: Width<br>Z: thickness |
|                           | Touch panel spot      | Size $\varphi(mm)$      | Acceptable Quantity   |
| 3.2.                      |                       | <b>φ</b> ≤ .15          | Ignore  |
|                           | spor                  |                         |   |
|                           | spor                  | .15 <φ≤ .25             | 3   |



| 3.2. | Touch panel<br>White line<br>Scratch | Width(mm)<br>Length(mm)   | Acceptable Quantity  |
|------|--------------------------------------|---|--|
|      |                                      | W≤ . 3  | Ignore   |
|      |                                      | . 3 < W≤ . 5<br>L≤5.  | 3  |
|      |                                      | . 5 < W or L>5  | Not allowed  |
| .2.  | Touch panel<br>Newton ring           | Compare with limit sample                                       |  |
|      | of the dot area.                     | -   | e dot area is larger than 5 %<br>(red, green, blue, and white) |
|      | -                                    | ween black dot defects or b                                     | black and bright dot defects                                   |
|      | . Polarizer bubble is                | defined as the bubble appears<br>pubble shall be ignored if the | on active display area. The polarizer bubble appears on the    |
|      |                                      |   |  |
|      |                                      |   |  |



#### PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LCD MODULES

#### **Handing Precautions**

(1) The display panel is made of glass and polarizer. As glass is fragile. It tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it or impact.

(2) If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.

(3) Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary. Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degraded insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer).

(4) The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.). Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on. Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizer. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.

(5) If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents

- Isopropyl alcohol

- Ethyl alcohol

Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.

(6) Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.

- Water

- Ketone

- Aromatic solvents

Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading. Avoid contacting oil and fats.

(7) Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.

(8) Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.

(9) Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.

(10) NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.

(11) If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.

(12) Electro-Static Discharge Control, Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC. To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.

- Before remove LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential. Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD modules.

- Tools required for assembling, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded. make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak. When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screwdriver should be of ground potentiality to minimize as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutator of the motor.

- To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembling and other work under dry conditions. To reduce the generation of static electricity be careful that the air in the work is not too dried. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended. As far as possible make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the work bench the ground potential

- The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated



(13) Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.

- Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.

- Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.

- Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.

- Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.

- Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.

- Do not drop, bend or twist LCM.

#### Handling precaution for LCM

LCM is easy to be damaged. Please note below and be careful for handling!

#### Correct handling:



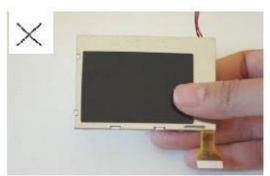


As above picture, please handle with anti-static gloves around LCM edges.

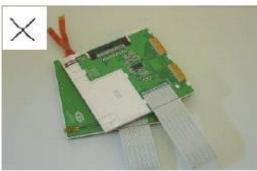
#### Incorrect handling:



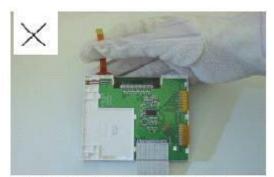
Please don't touch IC directly.



Please don't hold the surface of panel.



Please don't stack LCM.



Please don't stretch interface of output, such as FPC cable.

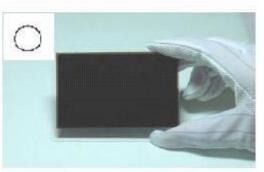


#### Handling precaution for LCD

LCD is easy to be damaged. Please note below and be careful for handling!

#### Correct handling:





As above photo, please handle with anti-static gloves around LCD edges.

#### Incorrect handling:



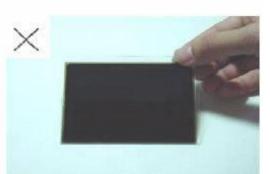
Please don't stack the LCDS.



Please don't hold the surface of LCD.



Please don't operate with sharp stick such as pens.



Please don't touch ITO glass without anti-static gloves.



#### **Storage Precautions**

When storing the LCD modules, the following precaution is necessary.

(1) Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for the dessicant.

(2) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C, and keep the relative humidity between 40%RH and 60%RH.

(3) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects. (We advise you to store them in the anti-static electricity container in which they were shipped. Others

Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature.

If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.

To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.

- Exposed area of the printed circuit board.

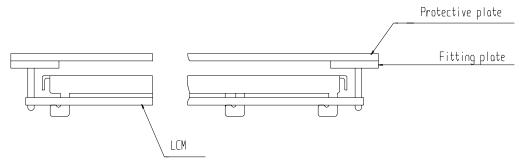
-Terminal electrode sections.

#### **USING LCD MODULES**

#### **Installing LCD Modules**

The hole in the printed circuit board is used to fix LCM as shown in the picture below. Attend to the following items when installing the LCM.

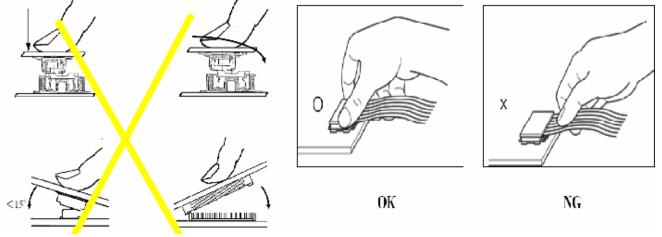
(1) Cover the surface with a transparent protective plate to protect the polarizer and LC cell.



(2) When assembling the LCM into other equipment, the spacer to the bit between the LCM and the fitting plate should have enough height to avoid causing stress to the module surface, refer to the individual specifications for measurements. The measurement tolerance should be  $\pm 0.1$  mm.

#### Precaution for assemble the module with BTB connector:

Please note the position of the male and female connector position, don't assemble or assemble like the method which the following picture shows





#### Precaution for soldering to the LCM

|                 | Hand soldering | Machine drag soldering | Machine press soldering |
|-----------------|----------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| No ROHS         | 290°C ~350°C.  | 330°C ~350°C.          | 300°C ~330°C.           |
| product         | Time : 3-5S.   | Speed : 4-8 mm/s.      | Time : 3-6S.            |
| product         |                |                        | Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa       |
| ROHS<br>product | 340°C ∼370°C.  | 350°C ~370°C.          | 330°C ~360°C.           |
|                 | Time : 3-5S.   | Time : 4-8 mm/s.       | Time : 3-6S.            |
| product         |                |                        | Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa       |

(1) If soldering flux is used, be sure to remove any remaining flux after finishing to soldering operation. (This does not apply in the case of a non-halogen type of flux.) It is recommended that you protect the LCD surface with a cover during soldering to prevent any damage due to flux spatters.

(2) When soldering the electroluminescent panel and PC board, the panel and board should not be detached more than three times. This maximum number is determined by the temperature and time conditions mentioned above, though there may be some variance depending on the temperature of the soldering iron.

(3) When remove the electroluminescent panel from the PC board, be sure the solder has completely melted, the soldered pad on the PC board could be damaged.

#### **Precautions for Operation**

(1) Viewing angle varies with the change of liquid crystal driving voltage (VLCD). Adjust VLCD to show the best contrast.

(2) It is an indispensable condition to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage then the limit cause the shorter LCD life. An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD's undesirable deterioration, so that the use of direct current drive should be avoided.

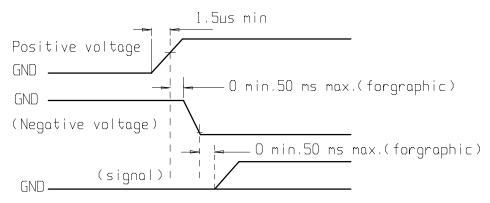
(3) Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature than the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCD's show dark color in them. However those phenomena do not mean malfunction or out of order with LCD's, Which will come back in the specified operating temperature.

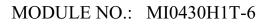
(4) If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and then back on.

(5) A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electro-chemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit. Usage under the maximum operating temperature,50%RH or less is required.

(6) Input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.

(7) Please keep the temperature within specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.





#### Safety

(1) It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.

(2) If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

#### **Limited Warranty**

Unless agreed betweenMulti-Inno and customer,Multi-Inno will replace or repair any of its LCD modules which are found to be functionally defective when inspected in accordance with Multi-Inno LCD acceptance standards (copies available upon request) for a period of one year from date of production. Cosmetic/visual defects must be returned to Multi-Inno within 90 days of shipment. Confirmation of such date shall be based on data code on product. The warranty liability ofMulti-Inno limited to repair and/or replacement on the terms set forth above. Multi-Inno will not be responsible for any subsequent or consequential events.

#### **Return LCM under warranty**

No warranty can be granted if the precautions stated above have been disregarded. The typical examples of violations are :

- Broken LCD glass.
- PCB eyelet is damaged or modified.
- PCB conductors damaged.
- Circuit modified in any way, including addition of components.
- PCB tampered with by grinding, engraving or painting varnish.
- Soldering to or modifying the bezel in any manner.

Module repairs will be invoiced to the customer upon mutual agreement. Modules must be returned with sufficient description of the failures or defects. Any connectors or cable installed by the customer must be removed completely without damaging the PCB eyelet, conductors and terminals.

### PRIOR CONSULT MATTER

- 1. (1) For Multi-Inno standard products, we keep the right to change material, process ... for improving the product property without notice on our customer.
  - <sup>(2)</sup>For OEM products, if any change needed which may affect the product property, we will consult with our customer in advance.
- 2. If you have special requirement about reliability condition, please let us know before you start the test on our samples.